

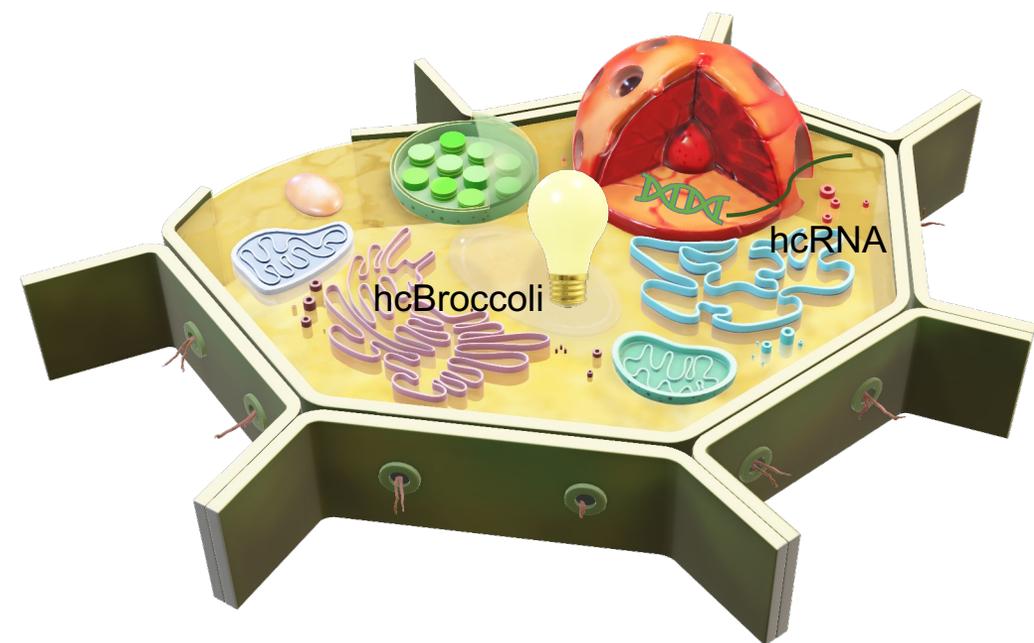


Stabilizing RNA Aptamers in Mammalian Cells via Protein-Mediated Circularization

An Original Research Proposal Presented
By
Yumeng Zhang

Jianhan Chen Research Group

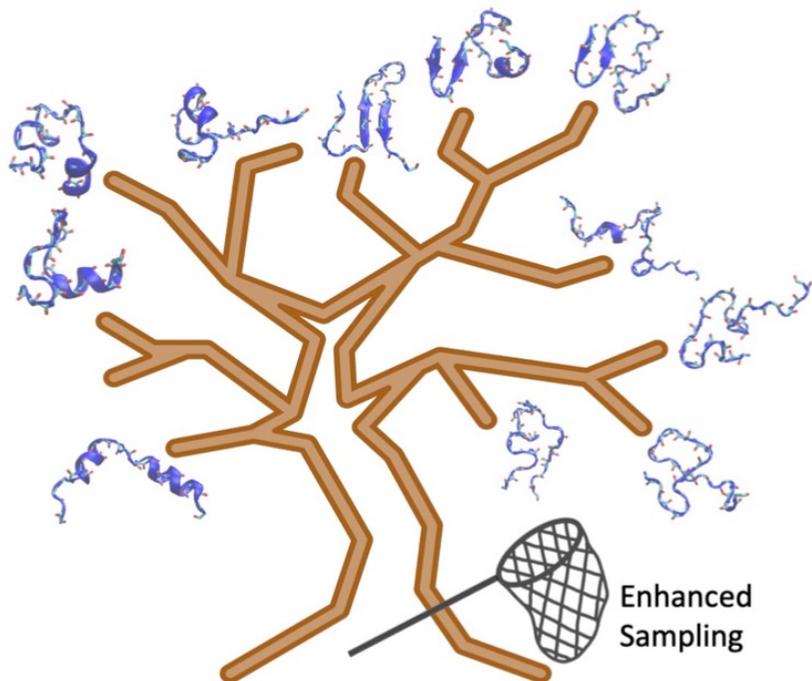
Dec 13, 2021



[Research Update] Multi-scale simulations for IDP studies

Objective:

- Characterize the conformation and dynamics of intrinsically disordered proteins with MD simulations.



IDP Conformational Landscape

- ❖ IDP high structural heterogeneity.
- ❖ IDP high dynamics.
- ❖ Timescales of IDP conformational fluctuations.

Method:

1. Speed up the atomistic simulations with enhanced sampling method: **REST** (Replica Exchange with Solute Tempering)
2. Realize long-time scale simulations using coarse-grained model: **HyRes** (Hybrid Resolution)

Specific Aims:

1. Resolve the high temperature collapse in REST2.
2. Solve the over-compactness in HyRes model.

Approaches:

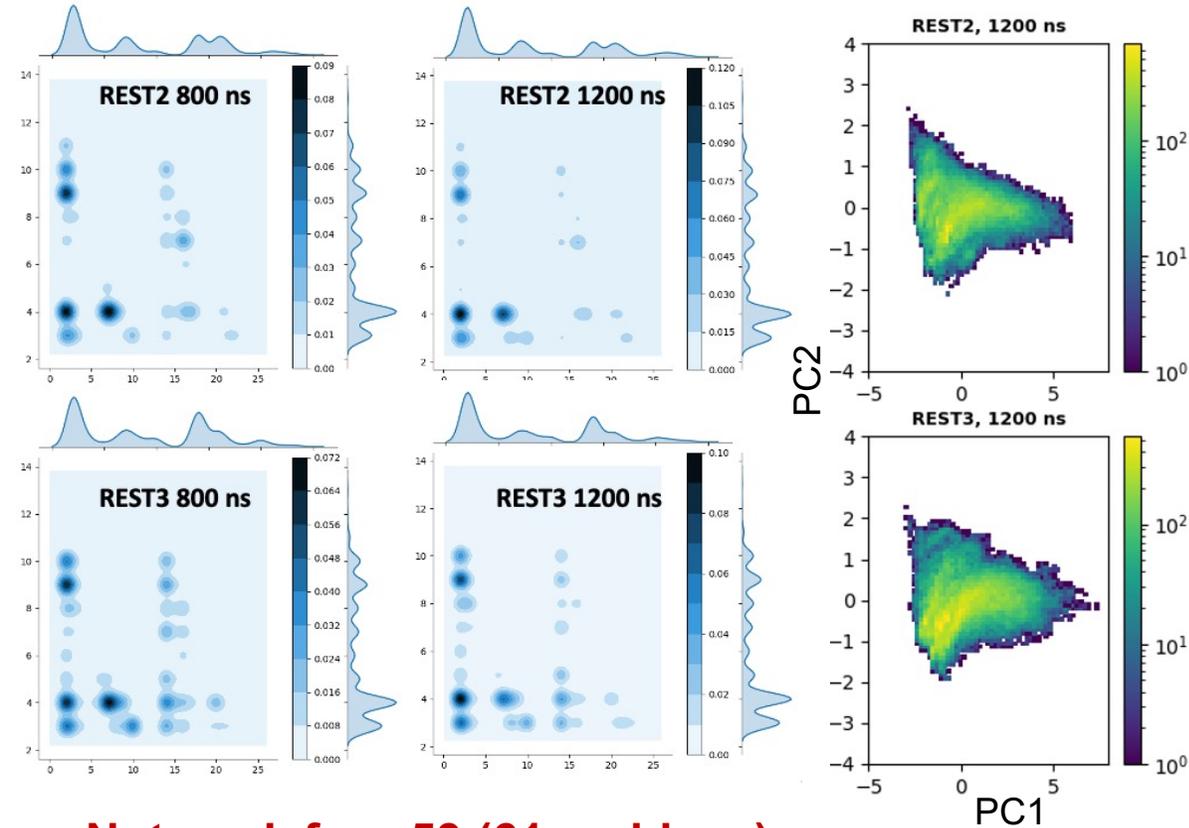
1. Develop REST3 method:
 - Re-balance the protein-water interactions, which is underestimated in REST2 high temperatures.
2. Develop HyRes2 force field
 - a. Downscale the protein-protein intra-interactions.
 - b. Introduce the implicit solvent SASA model.
 - c. Re-adjust the hydrogen bonding strength.

[Research Update] Multi-scale simulations for IDP studies

1. REST3

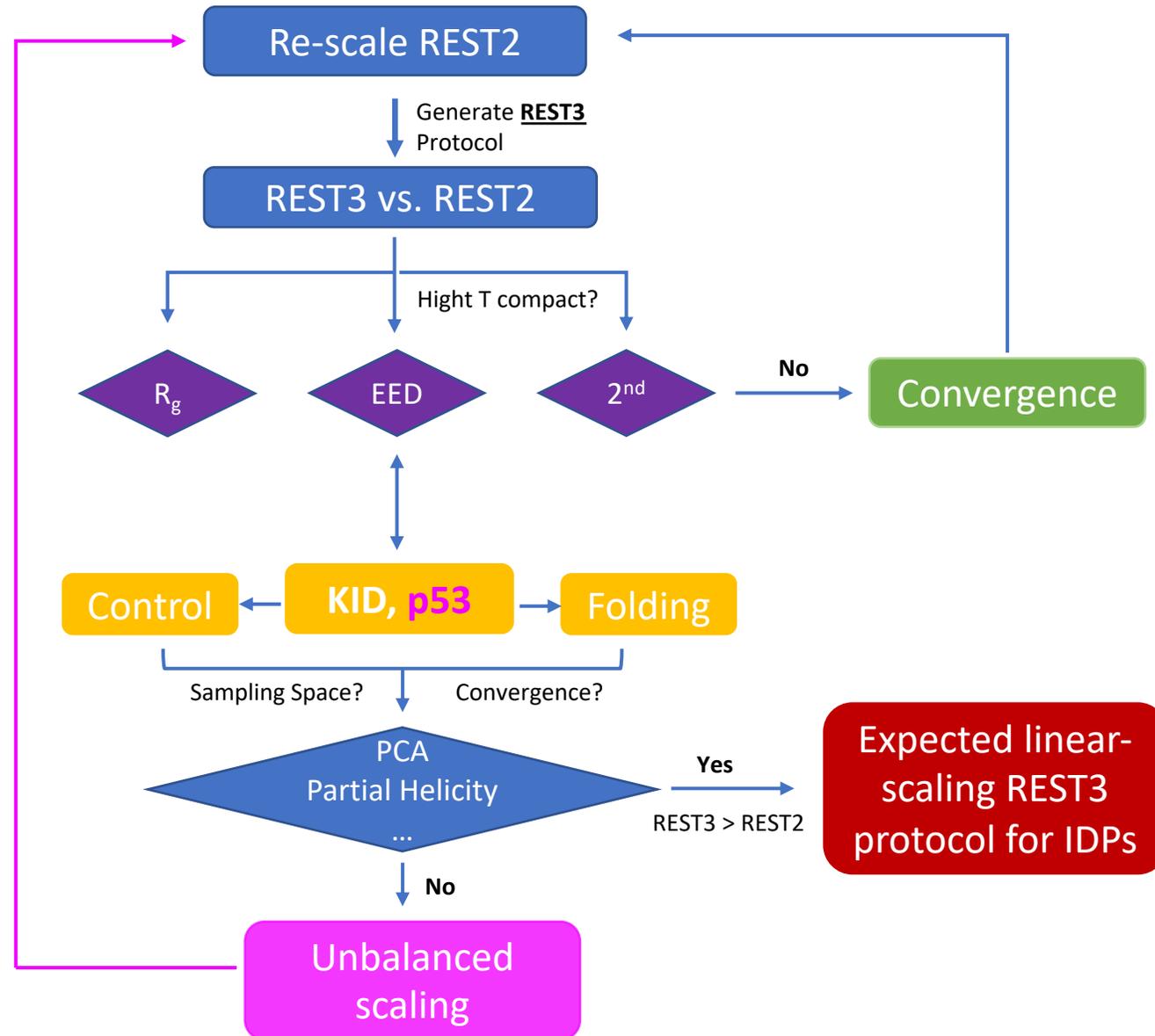
Work for KID (28 residues)

1. Faster convergence rate than REST2.
2. More conformational space sampled.



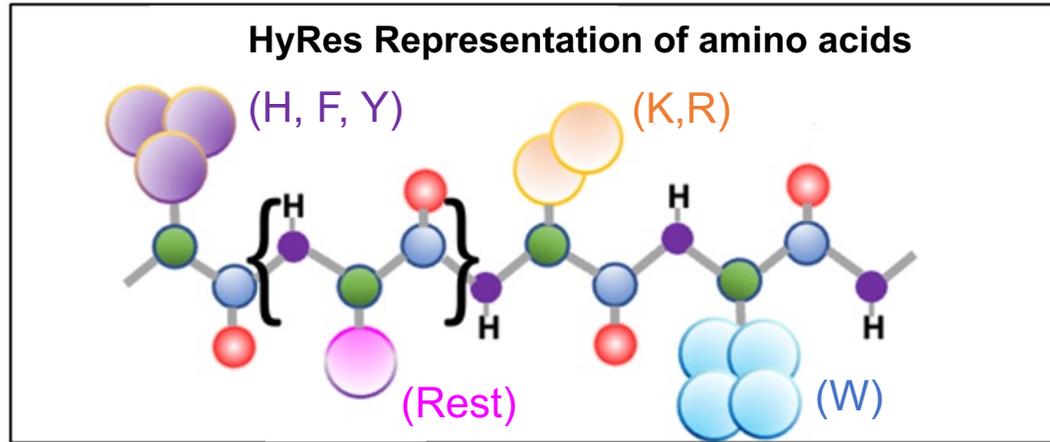
Not work for p53 (61 residues)

- Need to re-calibrate the p-w/p-p interactions.



[Research Update] Multi-scale simulations for IDP studies

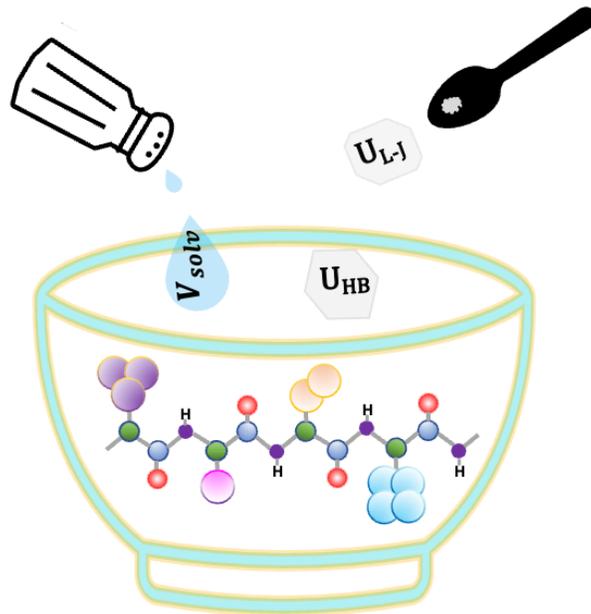
2. HyRes2



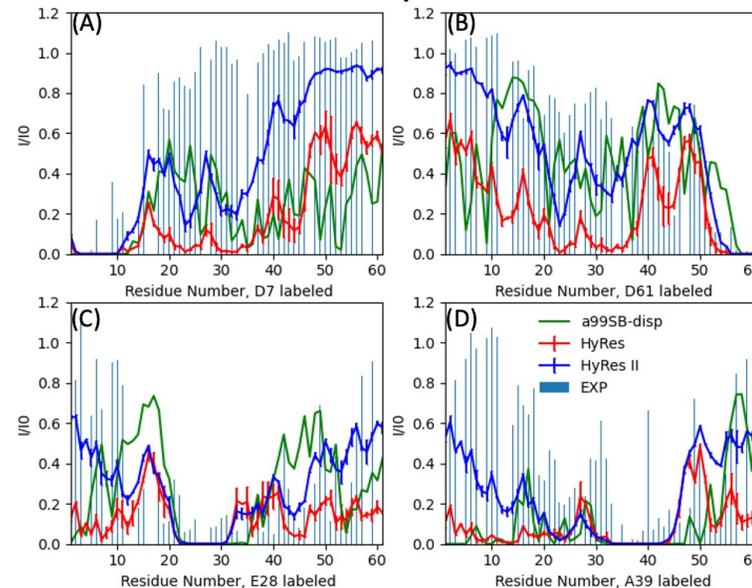
Preliminary data

1. More extended conformation for large IDPs (61 res).
2. More accurate protein-protein inter/intra interactions.
3. More conformational space sampled for large system (~ 400 residues).

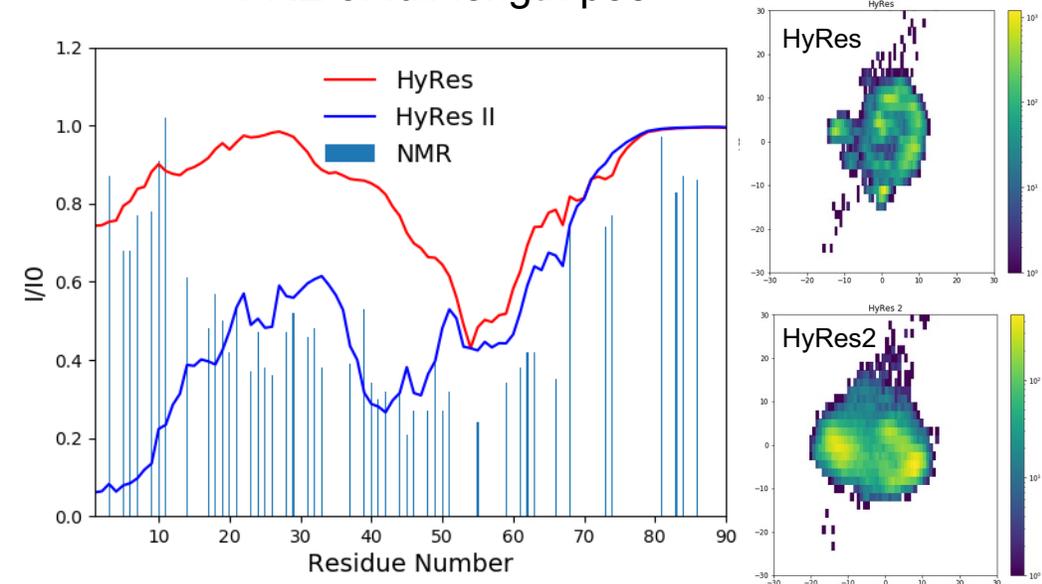
PDBID	Chain Length	Ref (EED, Å)	HyRes (EED, Å)	HyRes II (EED, Å)	Ref (R_g , Å)	HyRes (R_g , Å)	HyRes II (R_g , Å)
1VII	36	25.97	13.74 ± 0.04	18.07 ± 0.2	10.80	9.49 ± 0.02	11.04 ± 0.04
1BDC	46	20.69	19.87 ± 0.27	26.87 ± 0.09	9.95	10.42 ± 0.02	12.77 ± 0.07
3GB1	56	9.24	17.82 ± 0.54	25.86 ± 0.05	9.80	11.04 ± 0.02	13.31 ± 0.03
KID	28	~ 29	17.81 ± 0.12	22.87 ± 0.2	~ 11	9.18 ± 0.1	10.95 ± 0.12
NTAD	70	~ 70	19.71 ± 0.15	45.78 ± 2.49	~23.8	16.39	23.57 ± 0.33



PRE of p53-NTD



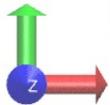
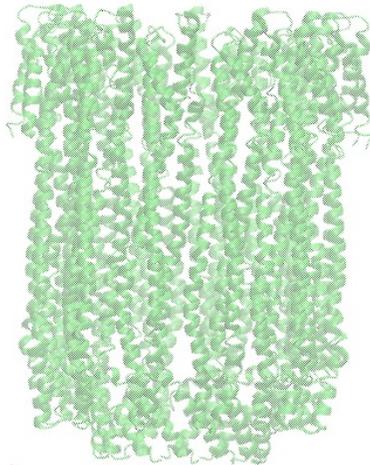
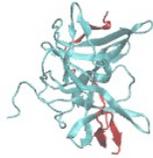
PRE of full-length p53



[Research Update] \$ ClyA/NS2B-NS3 simulations

Objective:

- Explore the dynamics of NS2B-NS3 in ClyA nanopore.



Method:

1. HyRes model.
2. Steered MD.

Future Work:

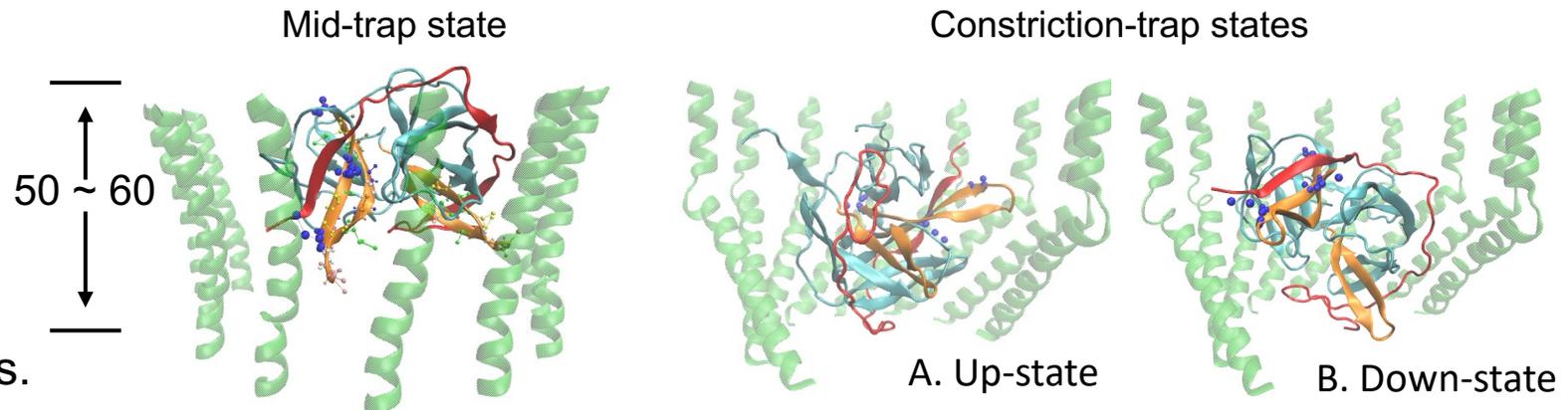
1. Resolve the dynamics of proteases at atomistic level.
2. Trap protease at mid-trap state then explore the ligand binding interactions.

Specific Aims:

1. Resolve pore-protease interactions at atomistic level.
2. Gain insight on the dynamic of proteases in ClyA.

Preliminary data:

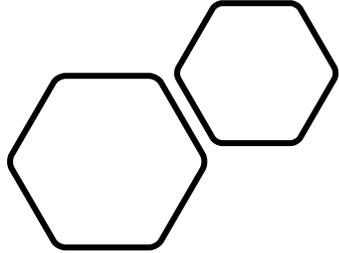
1. One potential trapping site on the mid-region of ClyA.
2. Apo state is easier to have translocation events.
3. Two potential conformations of proteases when being trapped at the constriction region.



- ❖ Large and complicated system.
- ❖ Conformational dynamics of proteases.



ORP



I ntroduction & Significance

A pproaches

A im 1: Encoding circular RNA in mammalian cells.

Aim 1a: Encode Broccoli with 5' cap and 3' poly(A) tail.

Aim 1b: Characterize hcBroccoli in cells.

A im 2: Functional evaluation of encoded RNAs.

Aim 2a: Evaluate hcBroccoli functionalities.

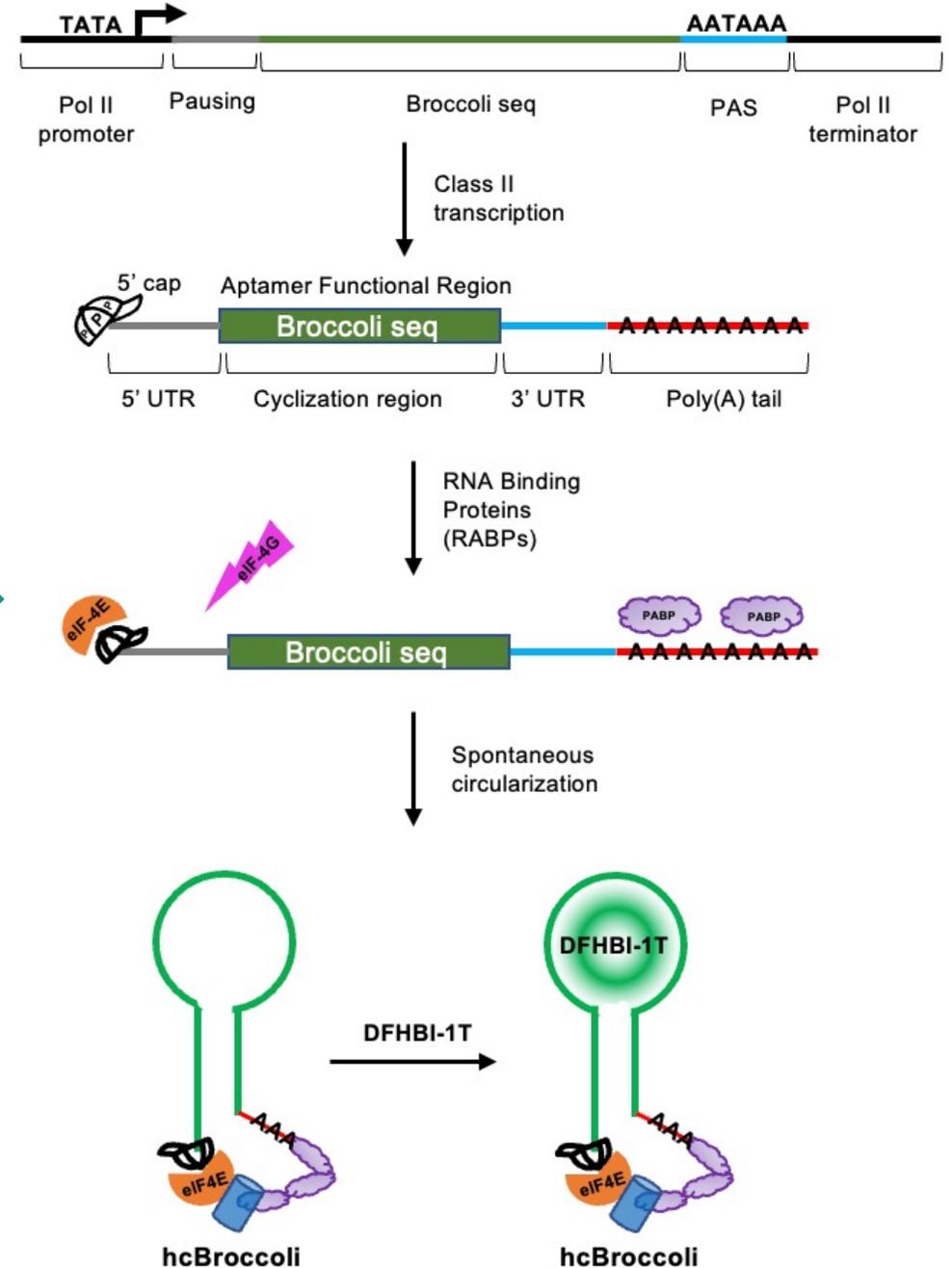
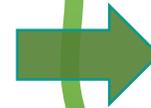
Aim 2b: Examine cytotoxicity of hcBroccoli.

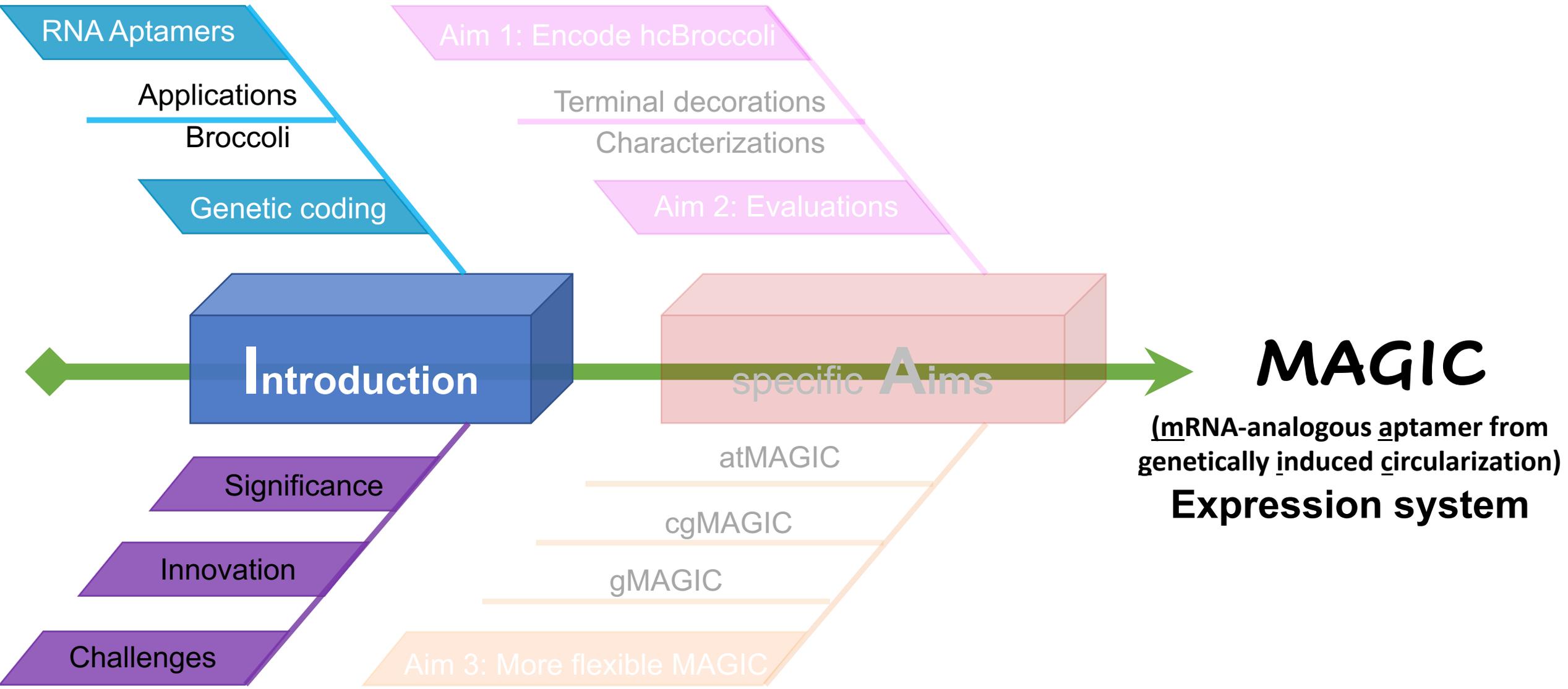
A im 3: More generalized expression systems.

Aim 3a: Poly(A) independent cgMAGIC system.

Aim 3b: Cap independent atMAGIC system.

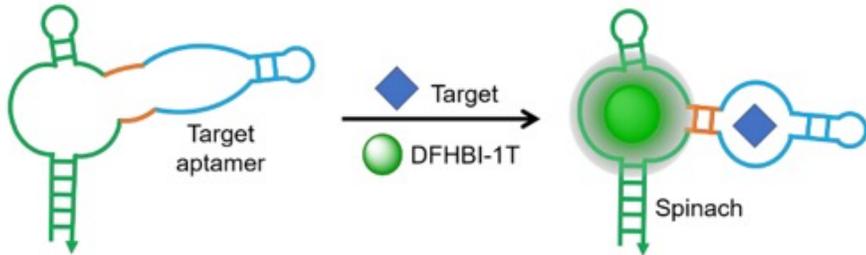
Aim 3c: Protein independent gMAGIC system.



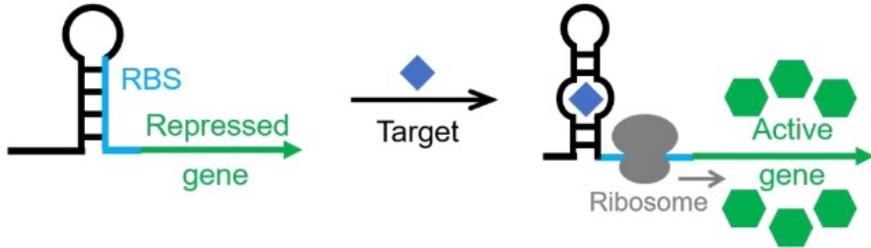


• RNA Biodevices

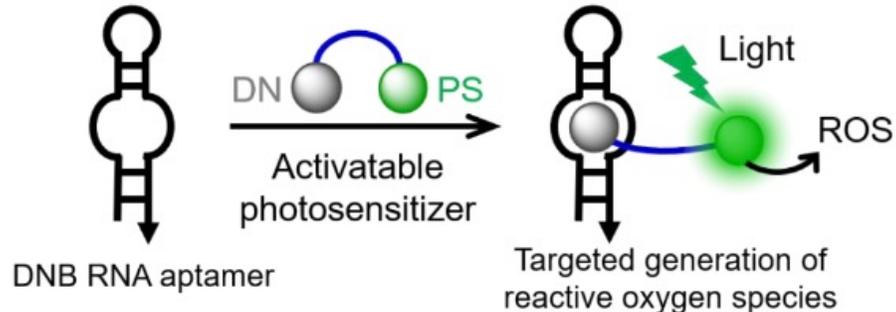
a. Biosensing



b. Gene regulation



c. Cell regulation



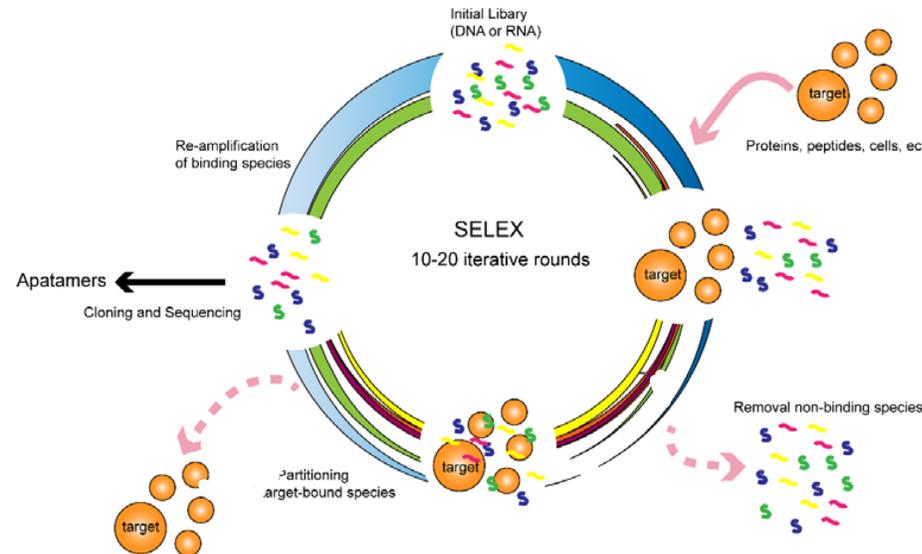
• RNA aptamers

a. Can selectively bind to target with high affinity

RNA aptamer	Fluorophore	K_D (nM)	E_x/E_m (nm)	ϵ ($M^{-1} cm^{-1}$)	Φ	Length (nt)
Spinach	DFHBI	540	469/501	24 300	0.72	98
Spinach2	DFHBI-1T	560	482/505	31 000	0.94	95
Spinach2	DFHBI	530	447/501	22 000	0.72	95
Spinach2	DFHBI-2T	1300	500/523	29 000	0.12	95
Spinach2	DFHBI-CM	N/A	447/502	N/A	N/A	95
Broccoli	DFHBI-1T	360	472/507	29 600	0.94	49
Broccoli	BI	51	470/505	33 600	0.67	49
Red Broccoli	DFHO	206	518/582	35 000	0.34	49
Orange Broccoli	DFHO	230	513/562	34 000	0.28	49
Red Broccoli	OBI	23	541/590	47 300	0.67	54

b. Can be identified by SELEX

(Systematic evolution of ligands by exponential enrichment)

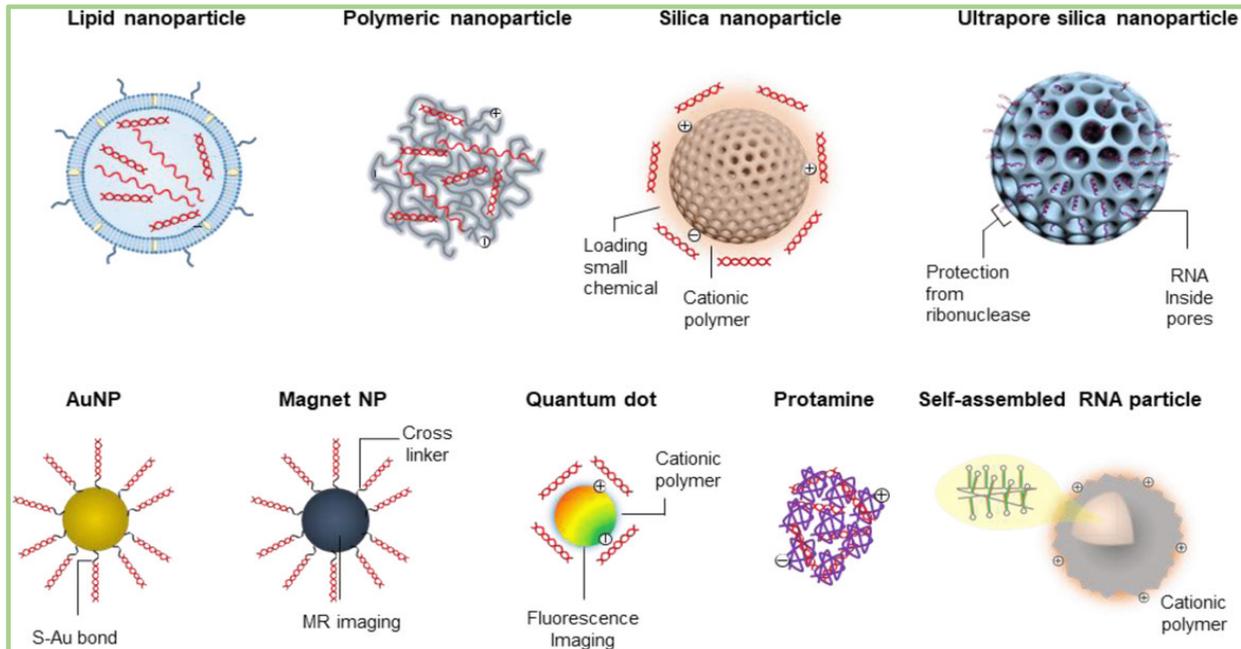


 Versatile applications.

 Generalizable for various targets.

 **Genetically encodability.**

- **In vitro synthetic RNA aptamers**
- Challenges
 - Delivery.
 - a. Susceptibility to degradations *in vivo*.
 - b. Poor intracellular uptake.
 - c. Immunogenicity and cytotoxicity.
 - d. Molecular weight confined.
 - Intracellular concentration.



- **Genetically encoded RNA aptamers**
- Advantages
 - Easy to implement.
 - No delivery system required.
 - Intracellular concentration maintainable.
 - Functionalities unaffected.
- **Challenges**

High susceptibility to degradations in mammalian cells. Only be applied to bacteria.
- **Feasible approaches**

Engineer the encoded RNA via capping, protein binding, or circularization.

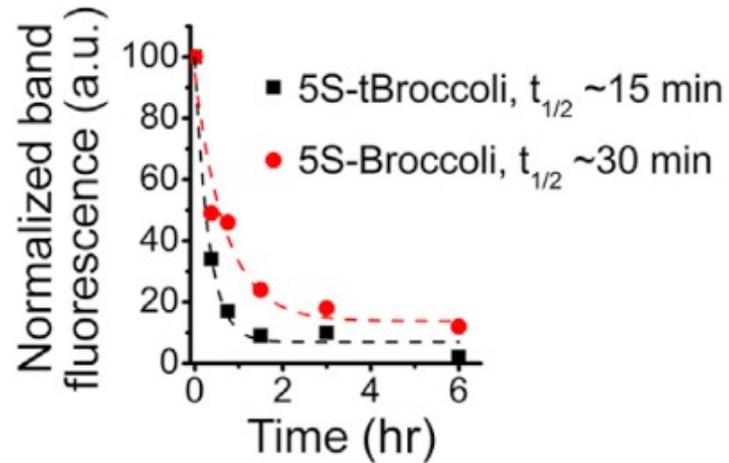
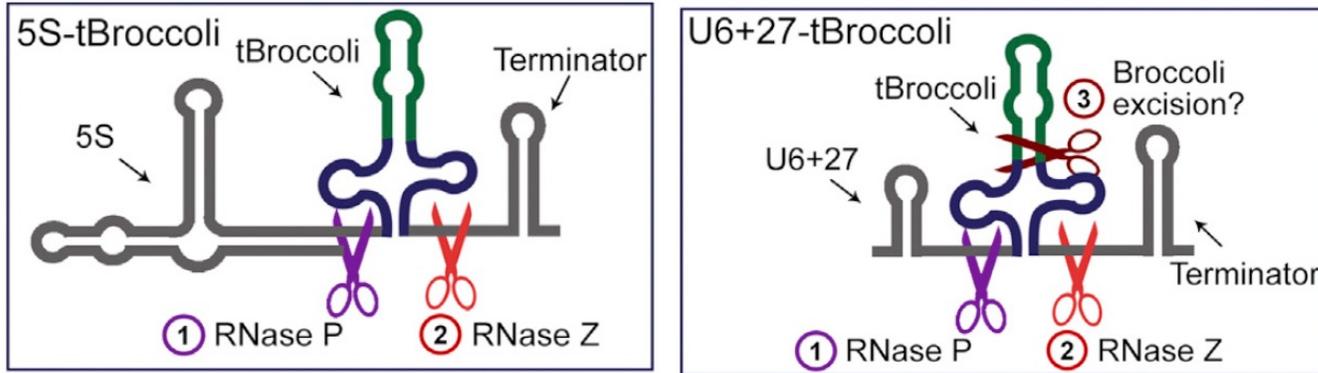
Rational: Mimic the **natural RNA** self-protection approaches to resist enzymatic degradations triggered by RNases or exonucleases.

One successful case: a high efficient circular RNA expression system: **Tornado system**.

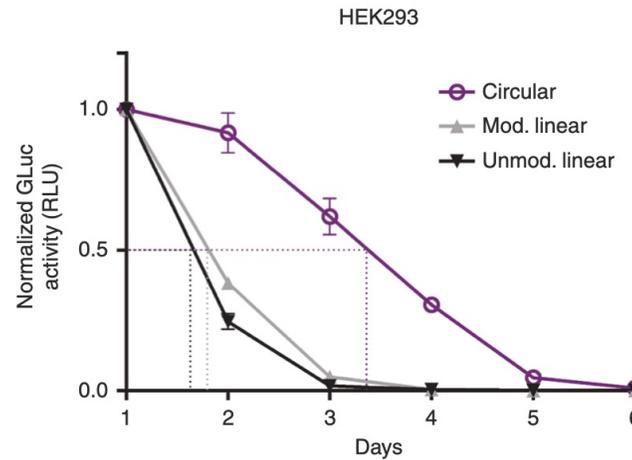
Our goal: design **MAGIC** expression system that can protect RNAs via protein bindings and protein-mediated circularization.

Challenges

Instable aptamers in mammalian cells.



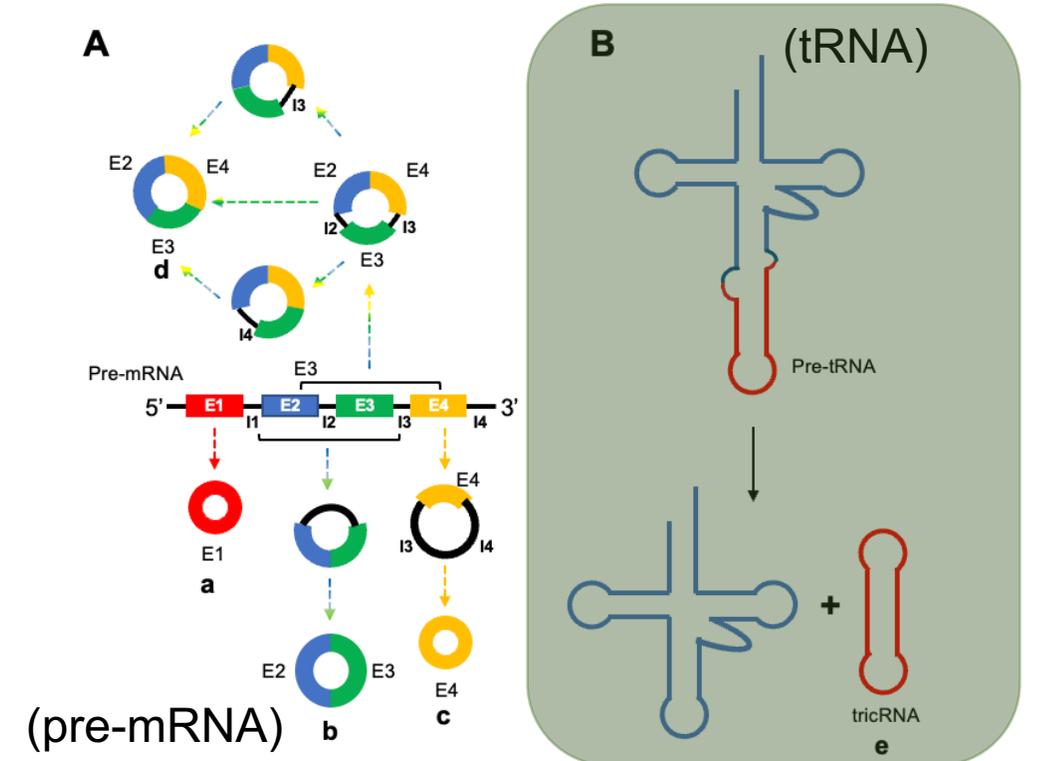
Chem Biol. 2015 May 21;22(5):649-60



Nat Commun 9, 2629 (2018)

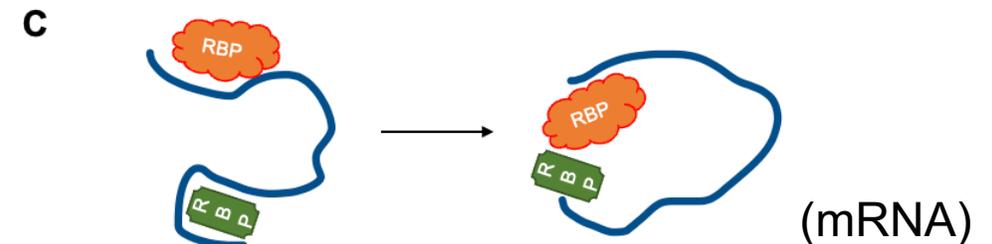
Circularization stabilizes RNA.

❖ Biogenesis of circular RNAs (A,B)



(pre-mRNA)

❖ RNA-binding protein mediated circularization

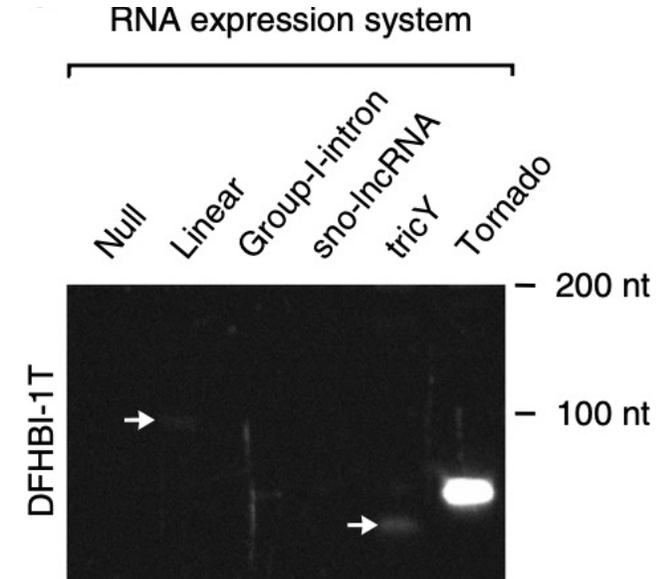
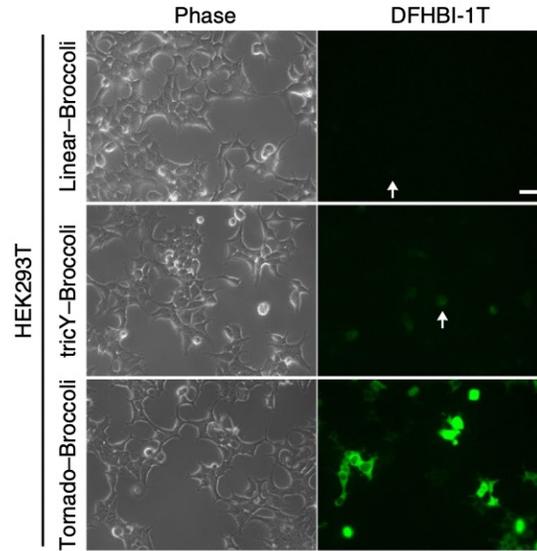


Tornado expression system

Tornado system encodes circular RNA aptamers

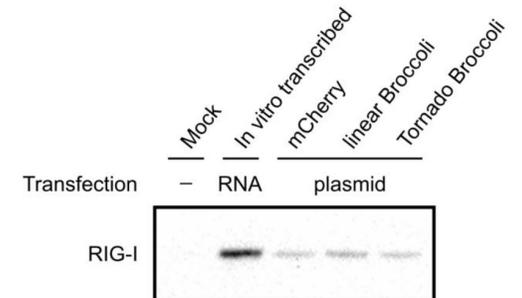
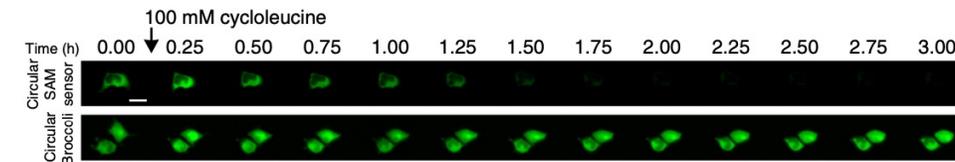
❖ **Functionable.**

❖ **Higher intracellular concentrations.**

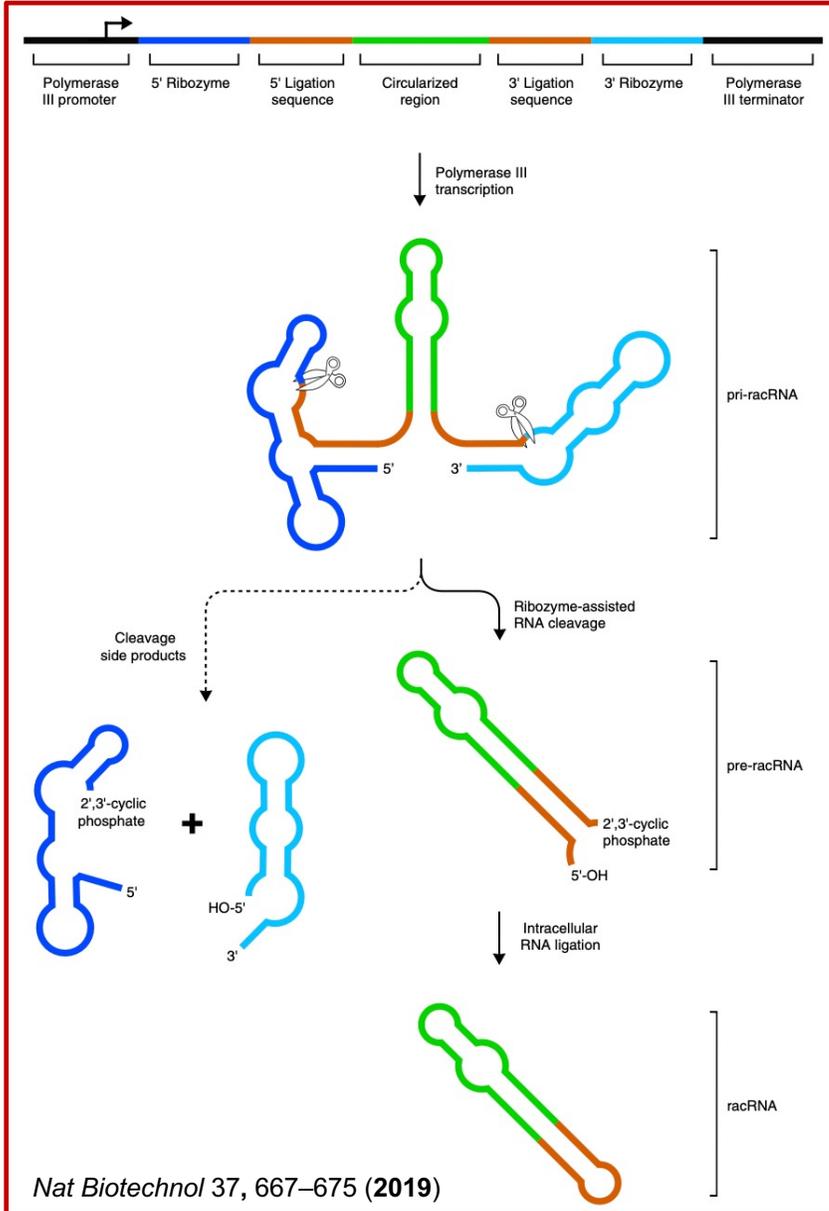


❖ **Longer lifespans.**

❖ **Non-cytotoxicity.**



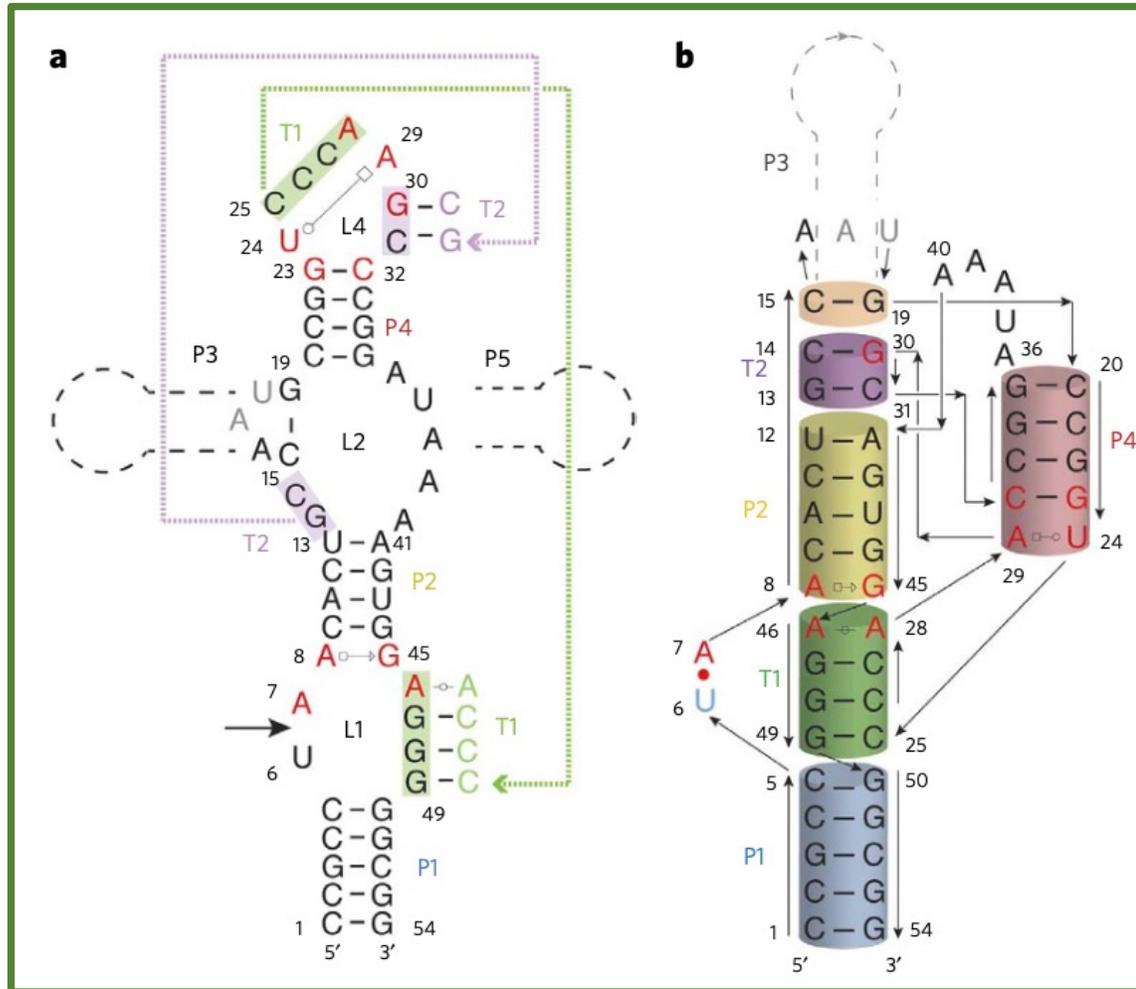
❖ **Highly twister-ribozyme dependent.**



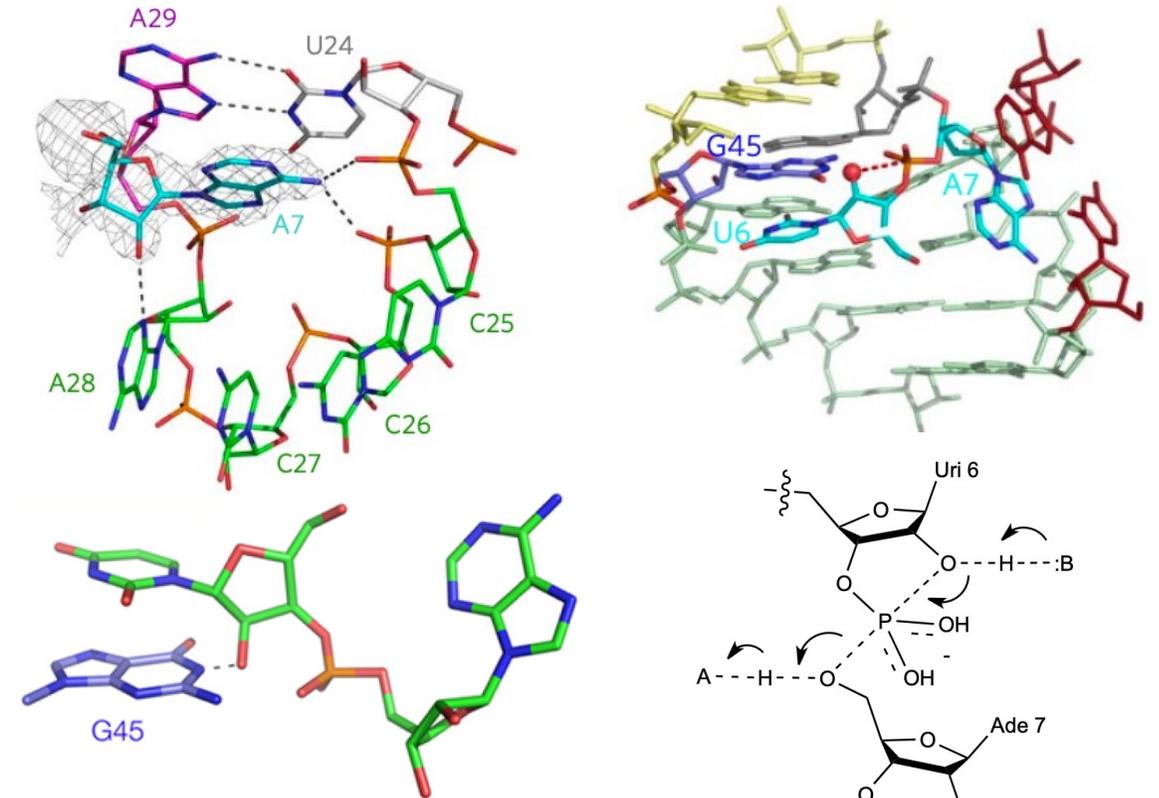
Limitations of Tornado expression system

Twister-ribozyme aided self-cleavage --- S_N2-related mechanism.

a. Highly conformational restricted: A stem-loop, two internal loops.



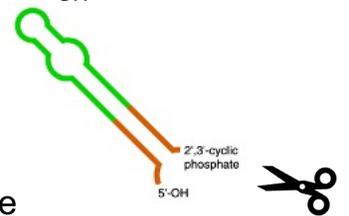
Nat Chem Biol 10, 739–744 (2014)
Nat Commun 7, 12834 (2016)

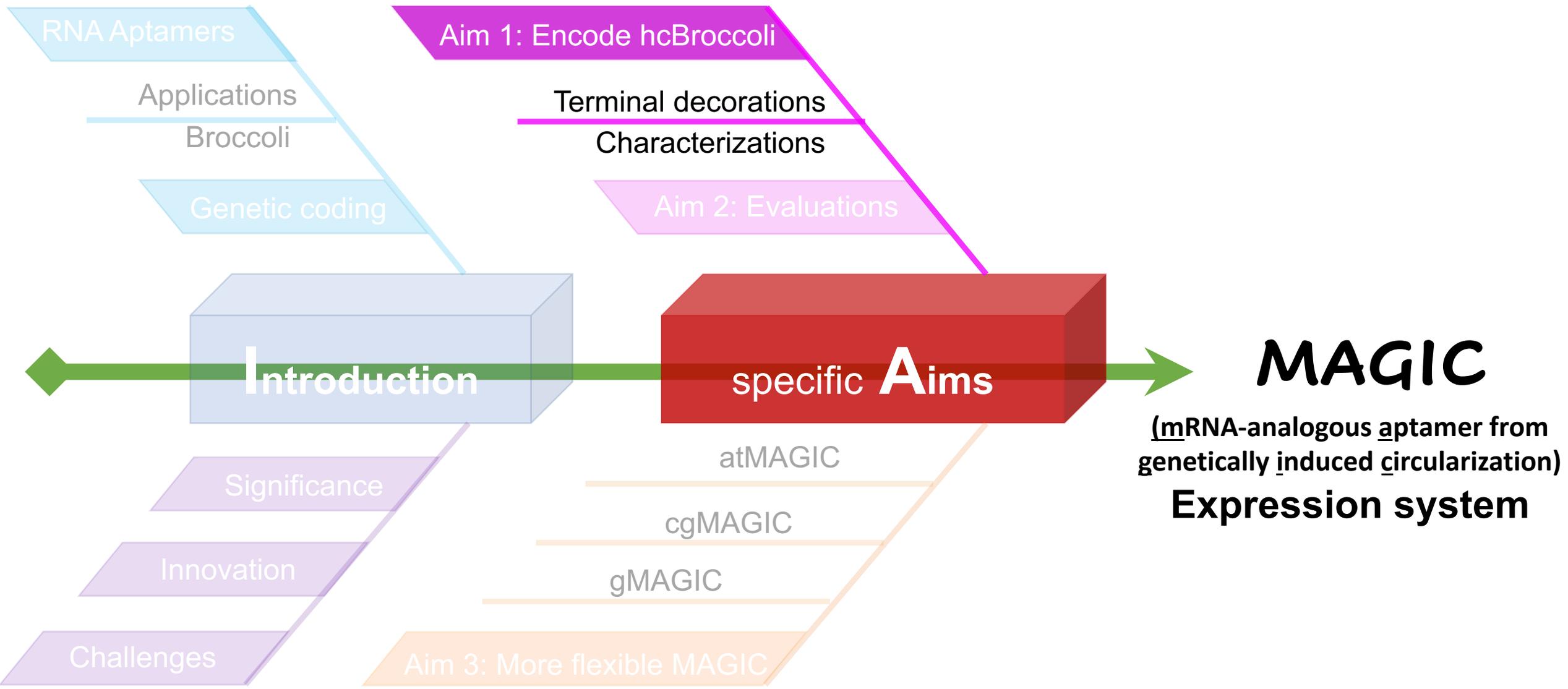


b. Cellular environment sensitive.

c. Kinetics hard-to-control.

K_{cleav1} vs. K_{cleav2} K_{ligation} vs. K_{cleavage}

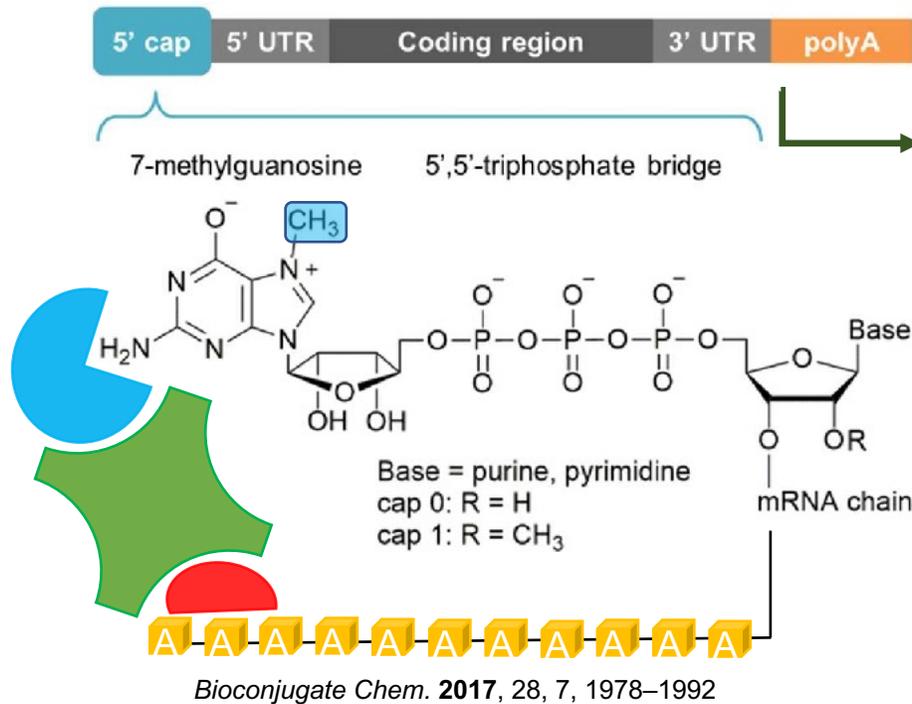




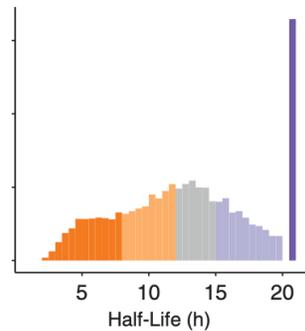
mRNA circularization and analogous MAGIC system

mRNA

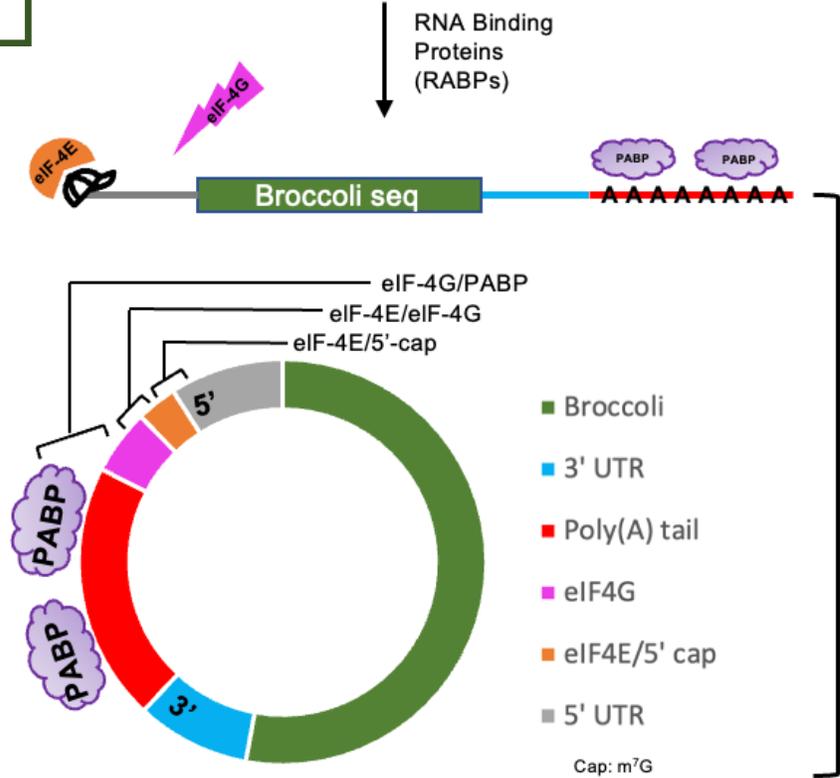
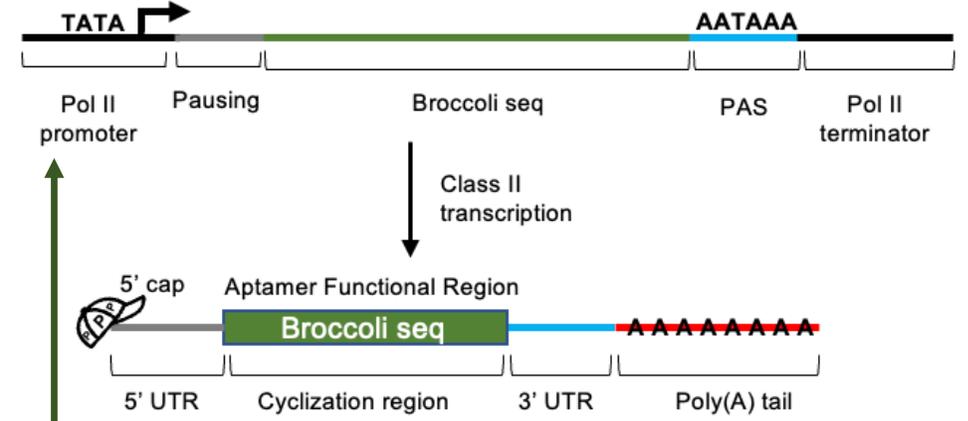
- Average ~10 h half-lifetime.
- Have m⁷G cap group protecting 5' terminal.
- Have a poly(A) tail protecting 3' terminal.
- Spontaneously cyclize in cytoplasm.



Class II transcriptions



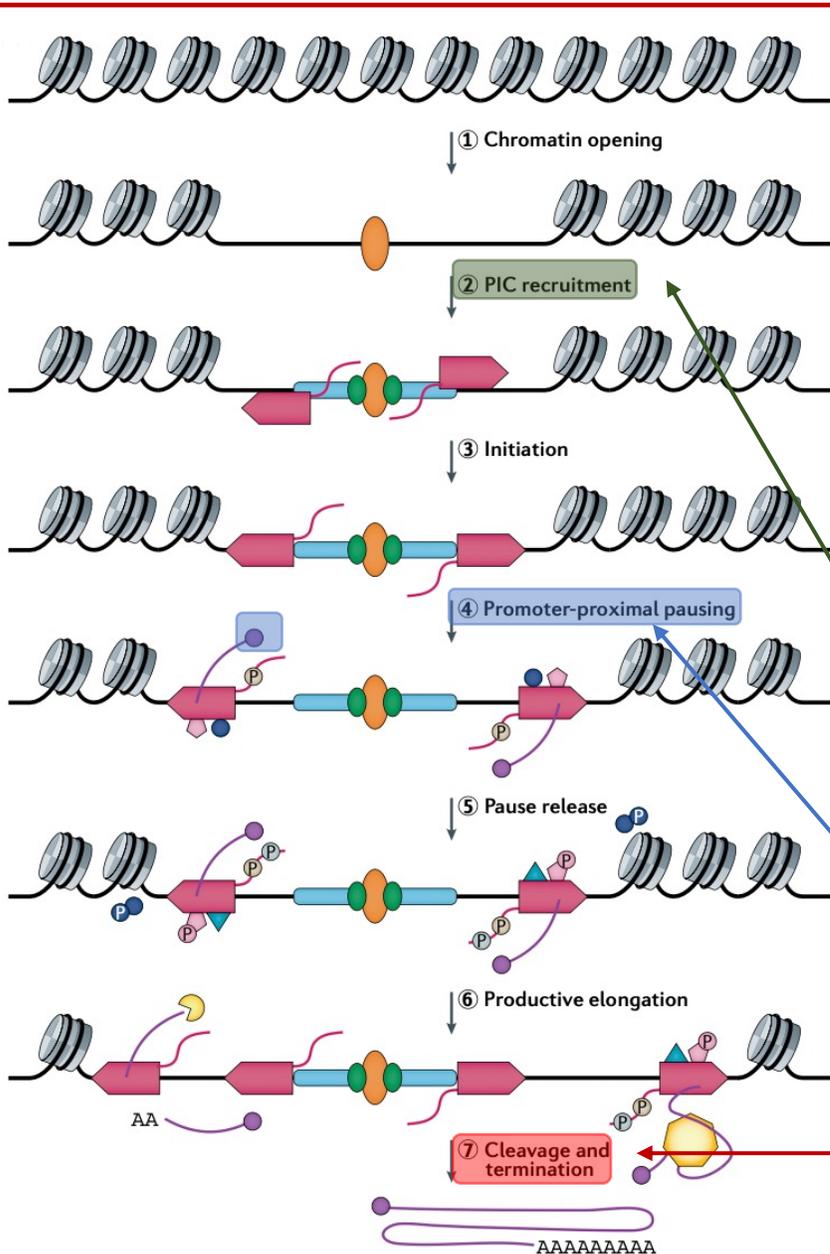
Mol Syst Biol. 2012 Jul 17;8:593



Our proposal

Develop an mRNA-analogous expression system: **MAGIC**

mRNA biogenesis mechanism: Class II transcriptions



Terminal decoration basis: Class II transcriptions

Co-transcriptional processes:

- ❖ Capping
- ❖ Polyadenylation

Our objective:

- ❖ Initiate Class II transcriptions with *Promoter II*.
- Recruit the pre-initiation complex (PIC).
- ❖ Ensure capping.
- At pausing stage.
- ❖ Ensure polyadenylation.

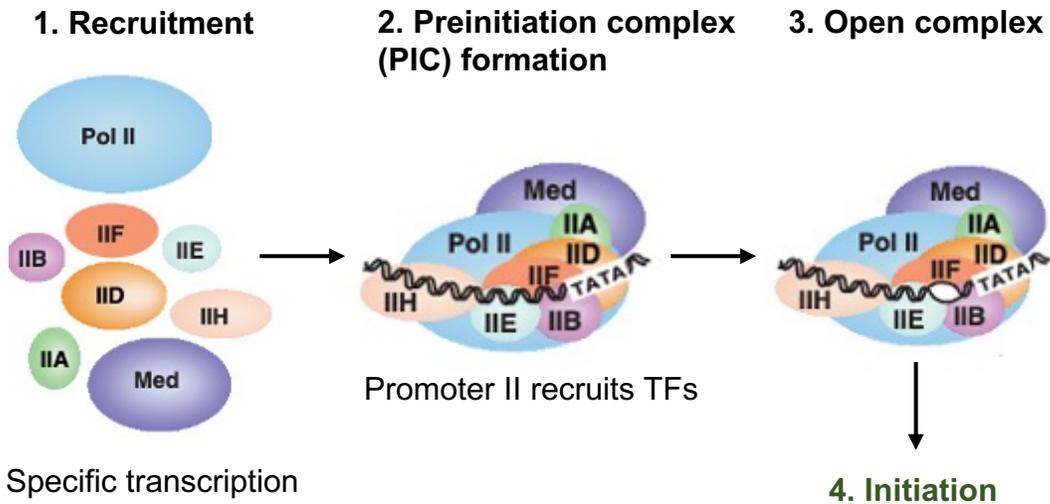


Class II transcription: Initiation (PIC and Pol II recruitment)

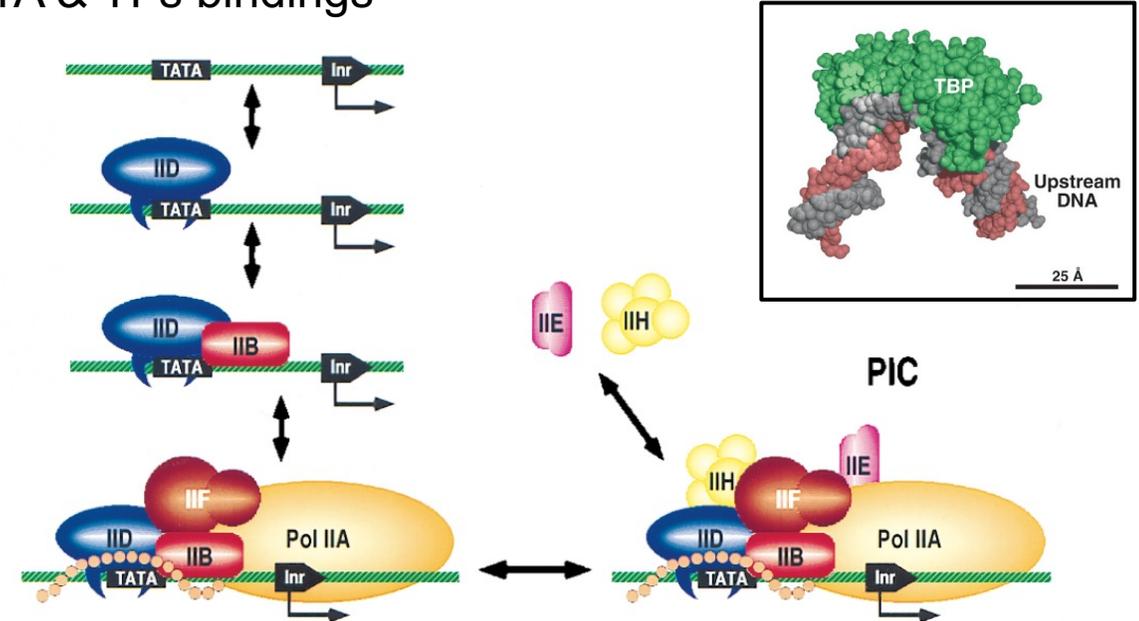


Polymerase II promoter: TATA box (~ 20 nt upstream from Initiator)

❖ The pathway of transcription initiation



❖ TATA & TFs bindings



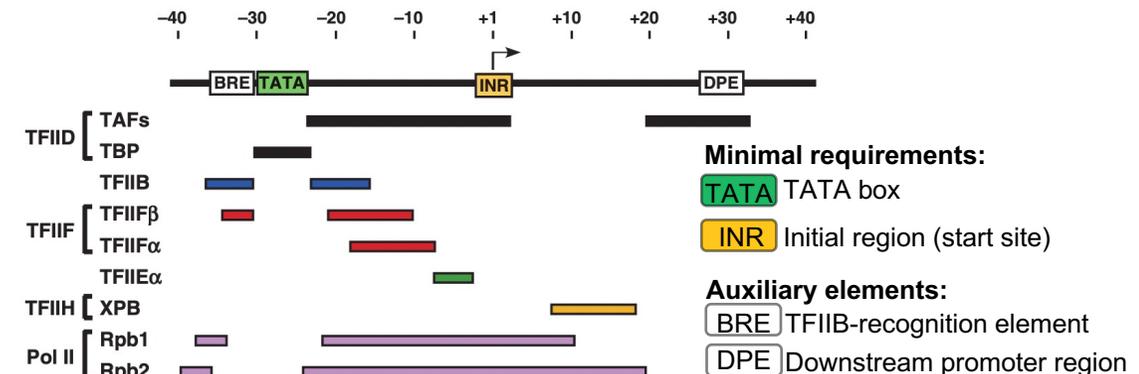
❖ PIC components & functions

PNAS January 7, 1997 94 (1) 15-22
 Nat Struct Mol Biol 11, 394-403 (2004)

Table 1. General class II transcription initiation factors from human cells

Factor	Subunits, kDa	(no.)	Function
TFIID	38	(1)	Binds to TATA, promotes TFIIB binding
TFIIB	35	(1)	Promotes TFIIF-pol II binding
TFIIF	30, 74	(2)	Targets pol II to promoter
RNA pol II	10-220	(12)	Catalytic function
TFIIE	34, 57	(2)	Stimulates TFIIH kinase and ATPase activities
TFIIH	35-89	(9)	Helicase, ATPase, CTD kinase activities
All class II GTFs	> 2 MDa	(>42)	

❖ Element locations

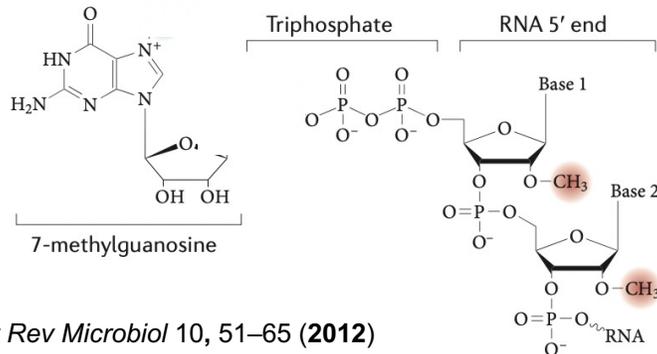
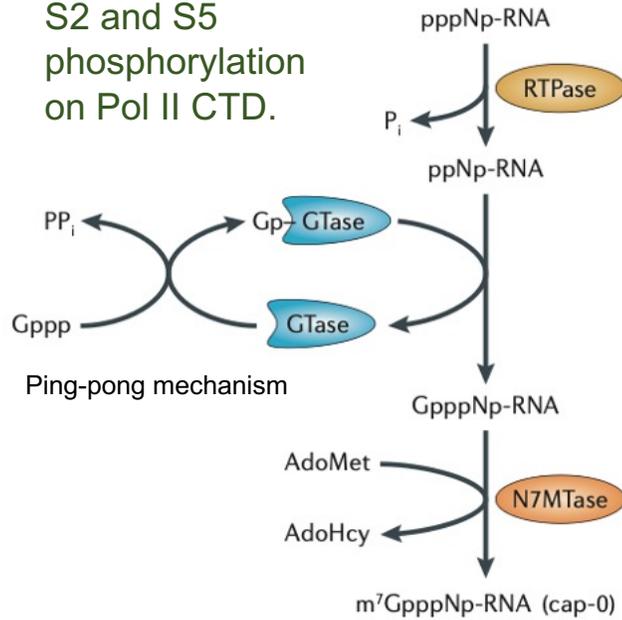


Co-transcriptions: 5' Capping and 3' polyadenylation

Capping

❖ The canonical capping mechanism

- Pausing period.
- Accompany with S2 and S5 phosphorylation on Pol II CTD.

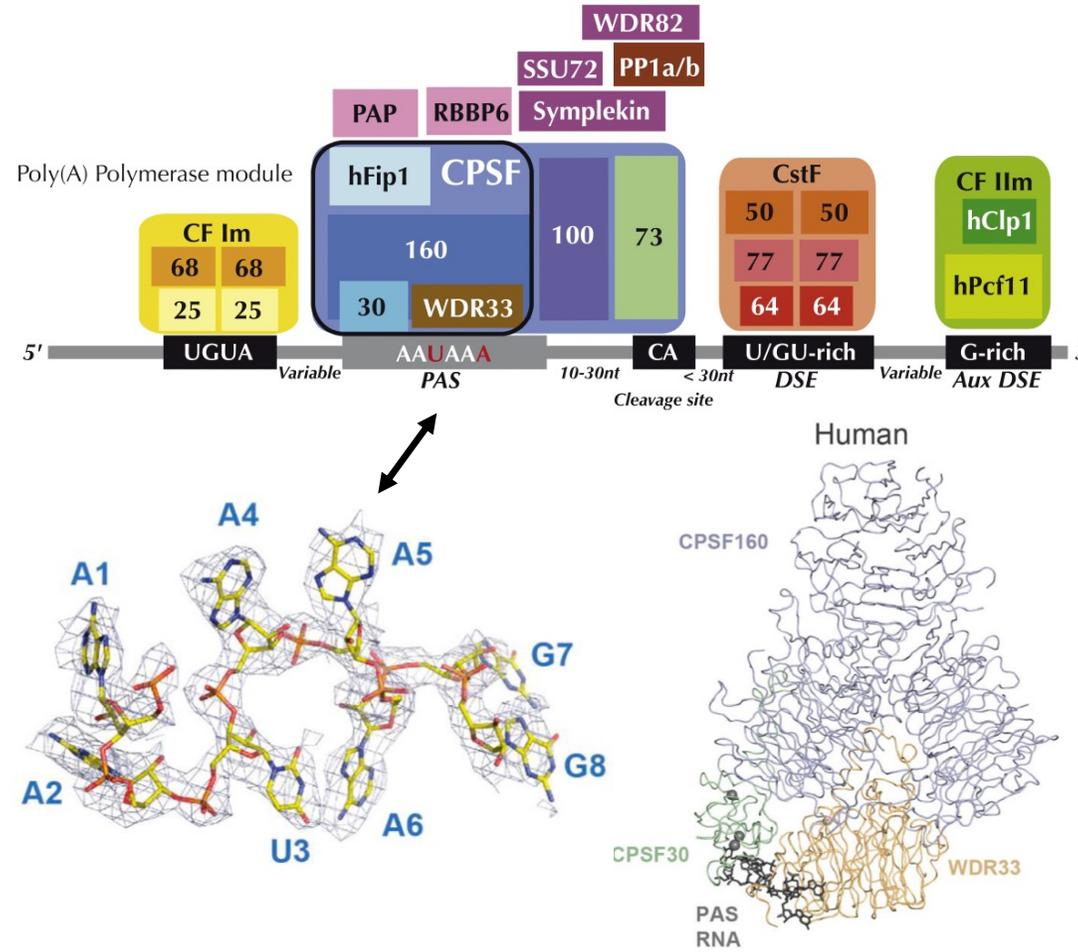


Nat Rev Microbiol 10, 51–65 (2012)

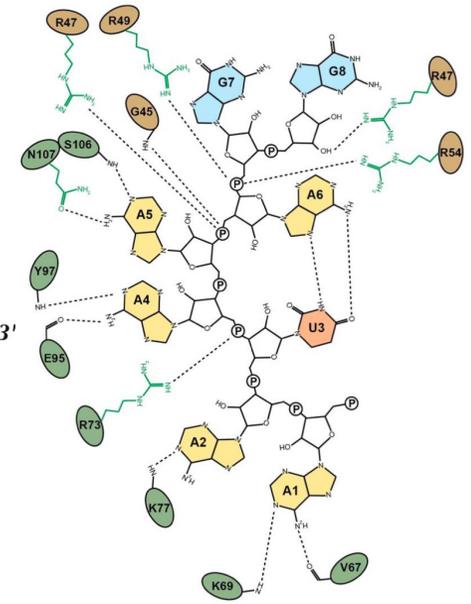
Polyadenylation

❖ Minimal requirement: PAS site

- Final stage, coupled with cleavage.
- PAS, AAUAAA, can be specifically recognized by the cleavage and polyadenylation specificity factor (CPSF) complex.



Nat Struct Mol Biol 25, 135–138 (2018)
Biochimie. 2019 Sep;164:105-110
FEBS Lett. 2014 Jun 27;588(14):2185-97.



Minimal requirements:

PAS AAUAAA, PAS site

CA Cleavage site (start site)

Auxiliary elements:

UGUA CFIm recognition region

U/GU CFIm recognition region

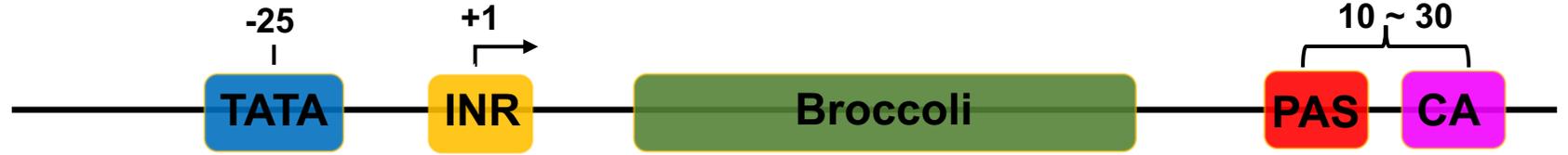


AIM1a: Design a template DNA sequence for MAGIC



1. DNA template

❖ Minimal requirements:



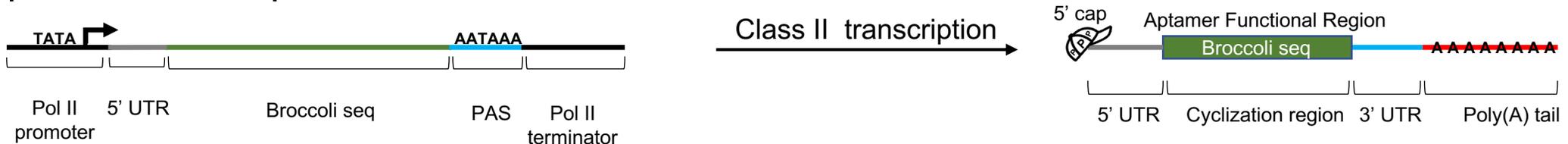
---TATA-N₍₂₅₎-AUG-N_(5' UTR)-TATAGAGACGGTCGGGTCCAGATATTCGTATCTGTCGAGTAGAGTGTGGGCTC-
 N_(3' UTR)-AATAAA-N_(~20)-CA---

J. Am. Chem. Soc. **2014**, 136, 46, 16299–16308
Nucleic Acids Research, Volume 38, Issue 21, 1 November **2010**, 7845–7857
Gene. **2007** Mar 1;389(1):52-65.
Molecular and cellular biology 18.7 (**1998**): 3811-3818.
Journal of Biological Chemistry 279.9 (**2004**): 8102-8110.
J Biol Chem. **2017** Jul 14;292(28):11873-11885

❖ Designed simplest DNA template:

TCCTGAAGGGGGGC**TATAAAAG**GGGGTGGGGGCGCGAACCTCTGGC**AGG**AGCAAAGGCGCCAT
 ▼ 49 nt
 GGCTGTGGAGGGCGGA**TATAGAGACGGTCGGGTCCAGATATTCGTATCTGTCGAG**
 ▼
TAGAGTGTGGGCTCAGTGCCTCTCCTGGCCCTGGAAGTTGCCTCTCCAGTGCCCACCAGCCTT
 9 nt
 GTCCT**AATAAA**ATTAAGTTG**CA**TCATTTTGTCTGACTAGGTGTCCTTCT → 233 nt

❖ Expected transcript: hcBroccoli.





AIM1a: Characterizations of Class II transcription initiation



2. Characterize the initiation of class II transcriptions

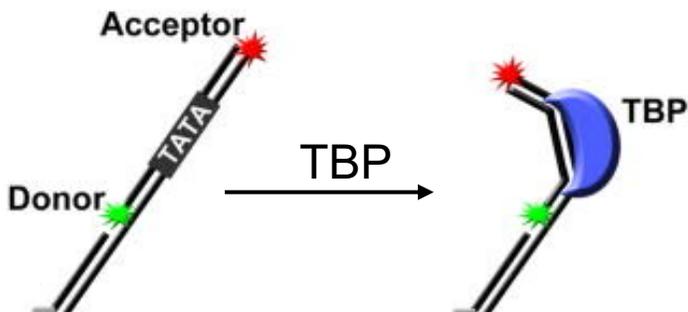
J Biol Chem. 2017 Jul 14;292(28):11873-11885
Biochemistry. 2012 Sep 25;51(38):7444-55.

Method: FRET

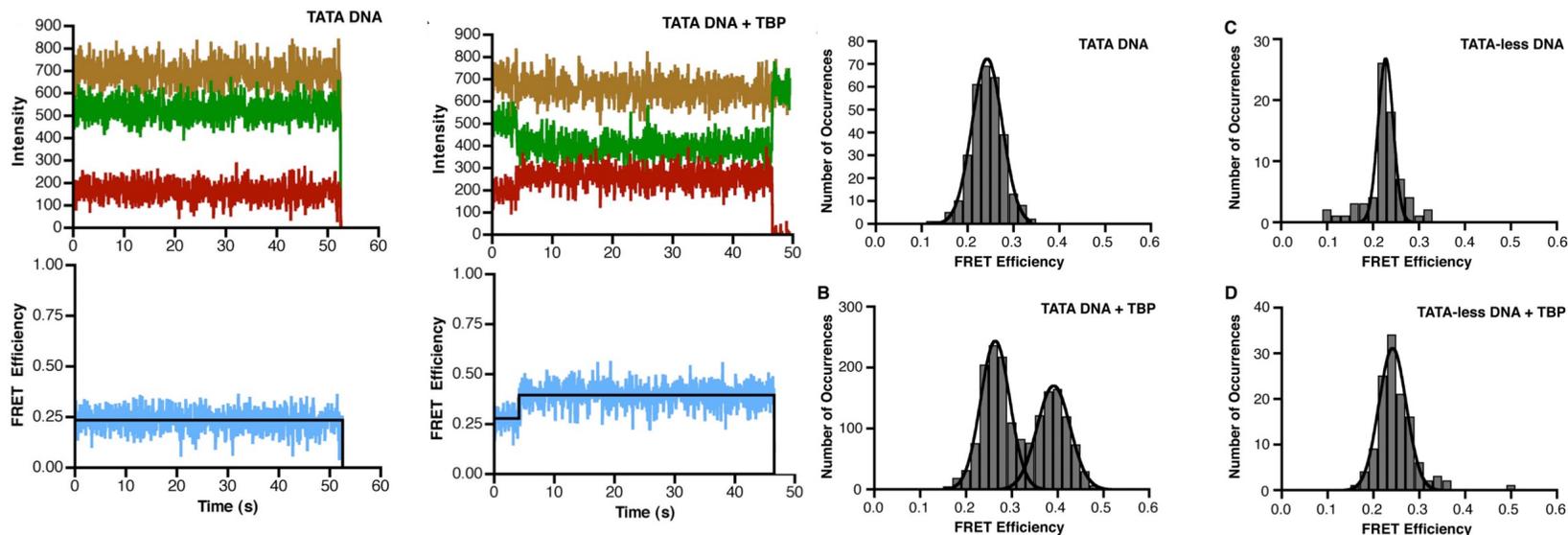
(Förster resonance energy transfer)

Mechanism:

TBP-induced DNA bending.

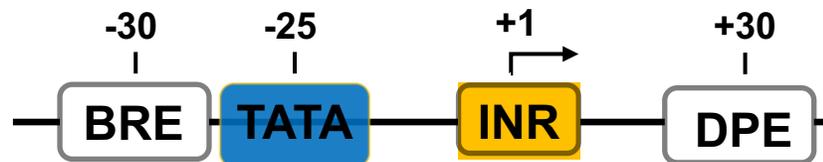


Expected outcome: TBP causes an increase in FRET efficiency.



If TBP is not successfully recruited by TATA box solely:

❖ **Promoter optimizations.**



+ BRE: TFIIIB-recognition element

+ DPE: Downstream promoter region

TGAASSRCGCCTATAAAGGGRRRR-INR-AGAC--
BRE1 BRE2 DPE

• **Alternative sequences:**

TATA box: TATAWAAR

DPE: RGWYG

INR: RGWCGTG

BRE: SSRCGCC

N: A, T, C, or G
W: A or T
R: A or G
Y: C or T
S: G or C

Oligo	Sequence (5' to 3')
Consensus TATA donor	CTATAAAAG
Consensus TATA acceptor	CTTTTATAG
Fluorophore Donor:	Alexa 555
Fluorophore Acceptor:	Alexa 647
TATA-less donor	TAGAGTCGG
TATA-less acceptor	CCGACTCTA

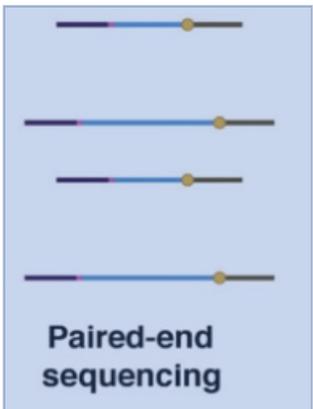
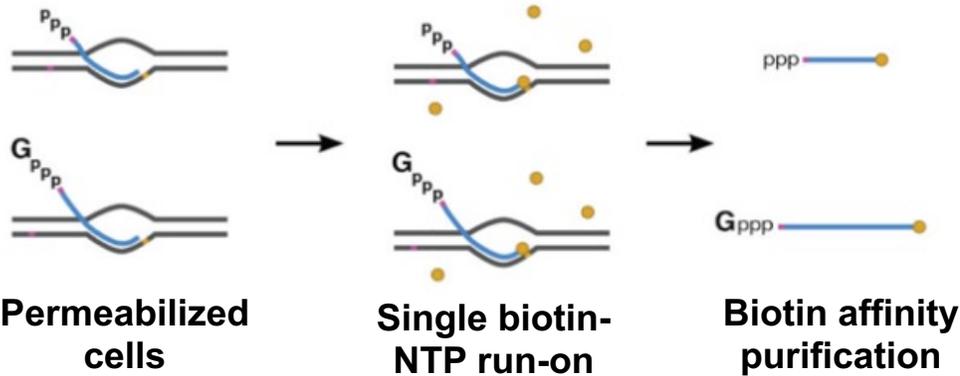
AIM1a: Characterization of Capping event

3. Characterize the 5' end capping process

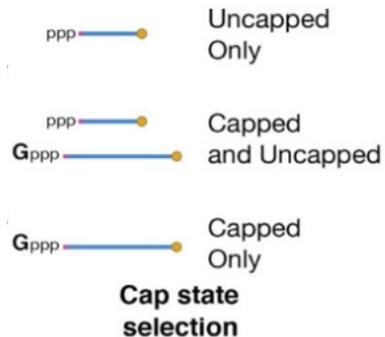
Method: CoPRO

(Coordinated Precision Run-On and sequencing)

Experimental details:

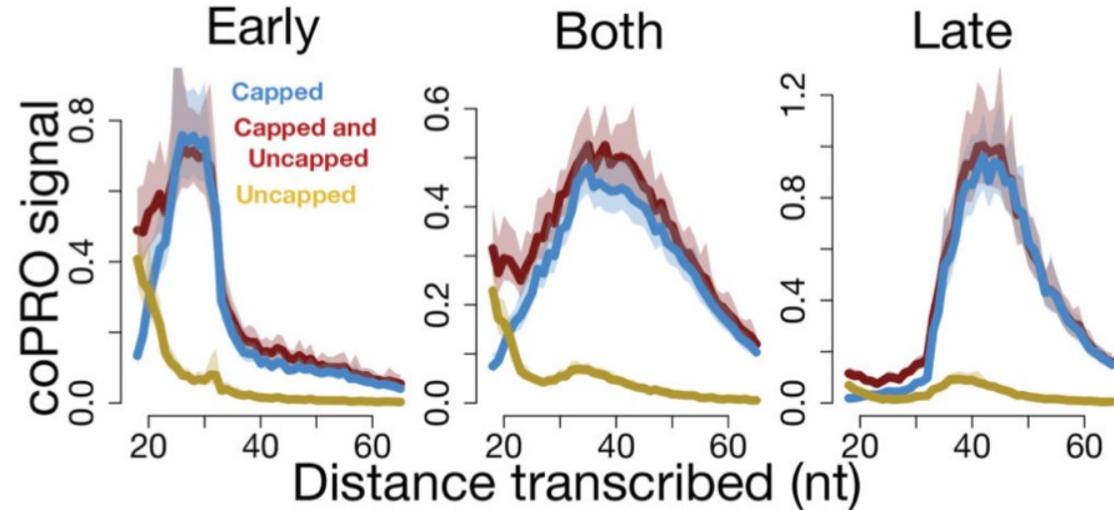


Enzymatic treatments and Gel purified.

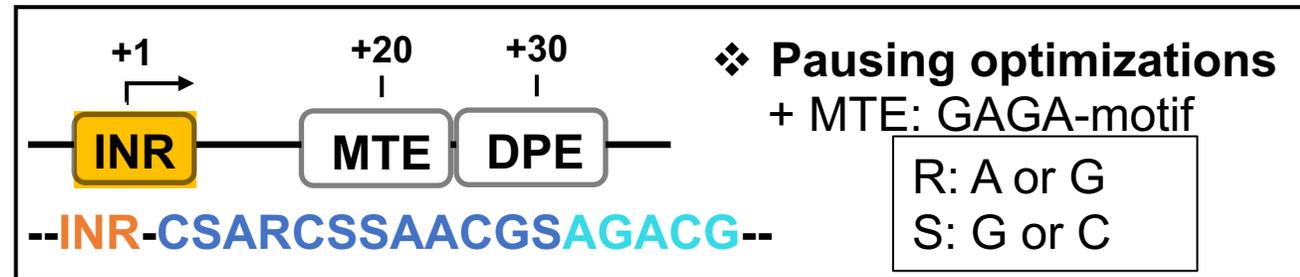


Nat Genet 50, 1533–1541 (2018)
Epigenetics & Chromatin 9, 32 (2016)
Nat Rev Genet 20, 705–723 (2019)

Expected outcome: Capping CoPRO signal.



If there is no capping event:



Rational: strengthen the pausing event, elongate the probable capping time for capping-related enzyme complex recruiting.

AIM1a: Characterization of Polyadenylation

Nat Genet 50, 1533–1541 (2018)
Epigenetics & Chromatin 9, 32 (2016)

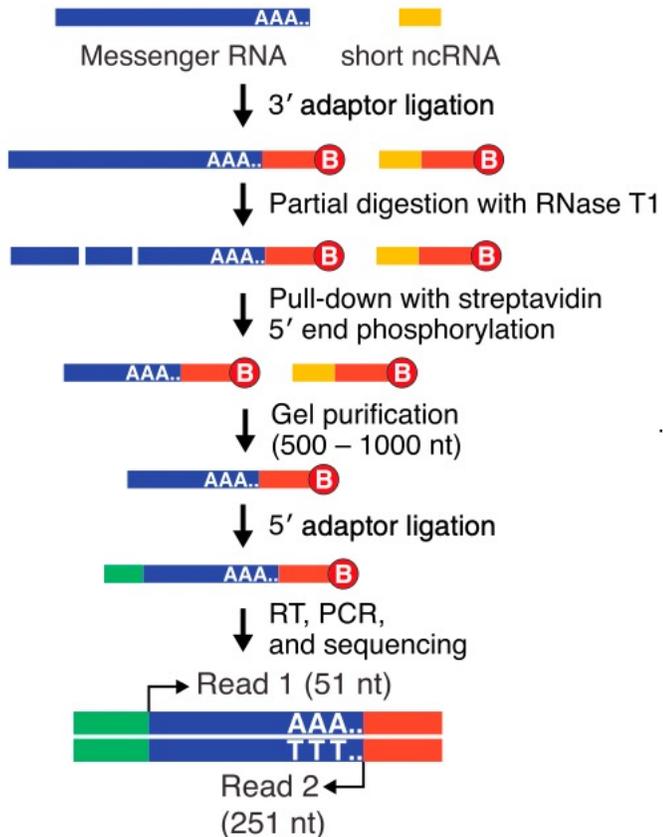
4. Characterize the 3' end polyadenylation

Method: TAIL-seq

Experimental details:

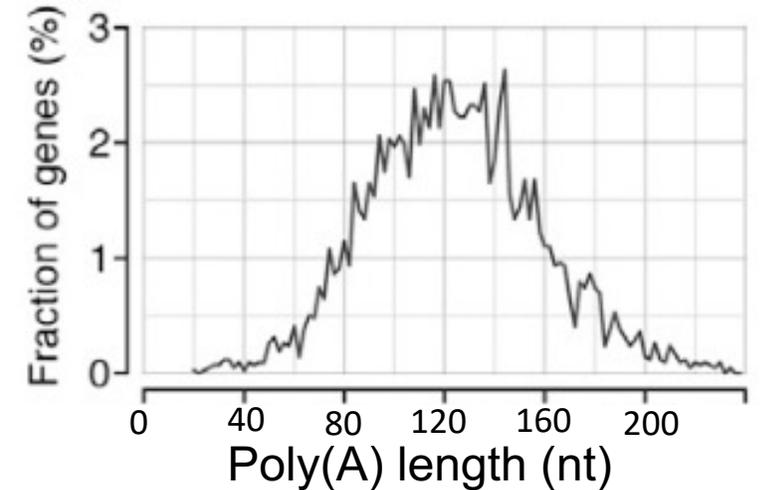
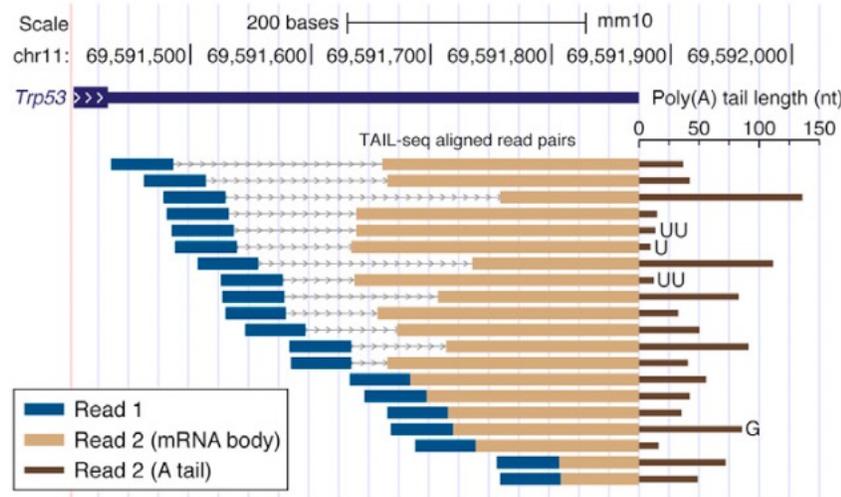
Experimental procedure for TAIL-seq

Total RNA > 200 nt, rRNA-depleted



Expected outcome: poly(A) tail signal with length > 120 nt.

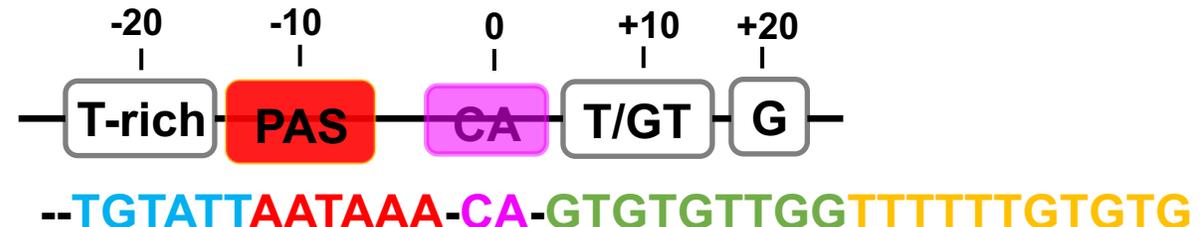
Example of TAIL-seq tags



If poly(A) tail is not transcribed with expected length:

❖ **PAS optimizations**

- + T-rich region
- + T/GT rich region
- + G-rich region



❖ **Append a poly(A) tail on template DNA directly**

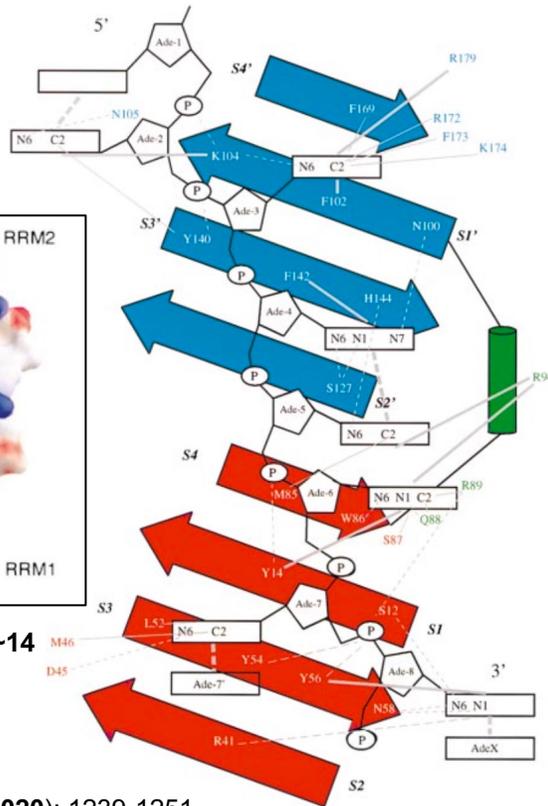
Length controllable!

Wiley Interdiscip Rev RNA. 2012 May-Jun;3(3):385-96.
GENes Dev. 1989 Jul;3(7):1019-25.

hcBroccoli spontaneous circularization

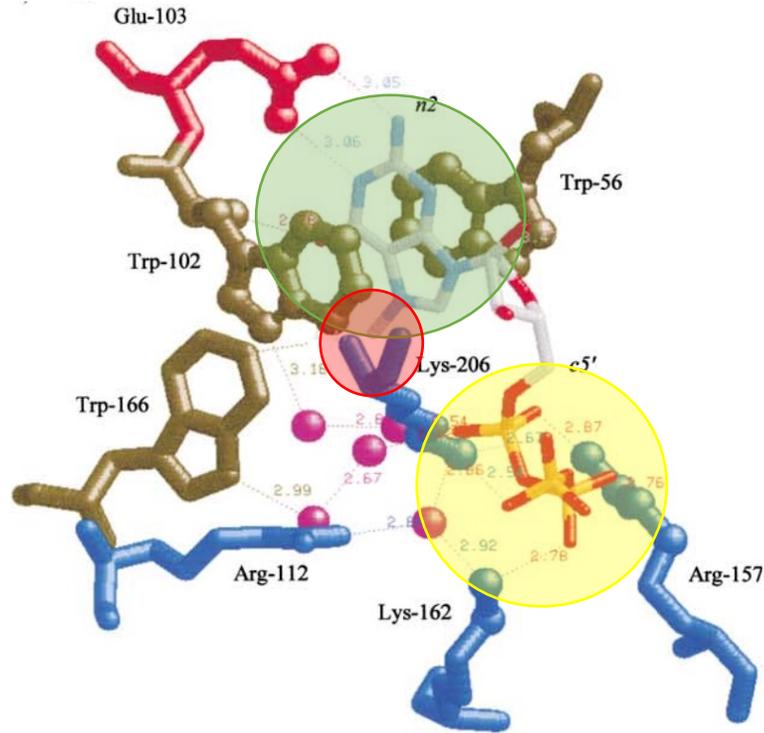
Poly(A)-PABP

Form in nuclear



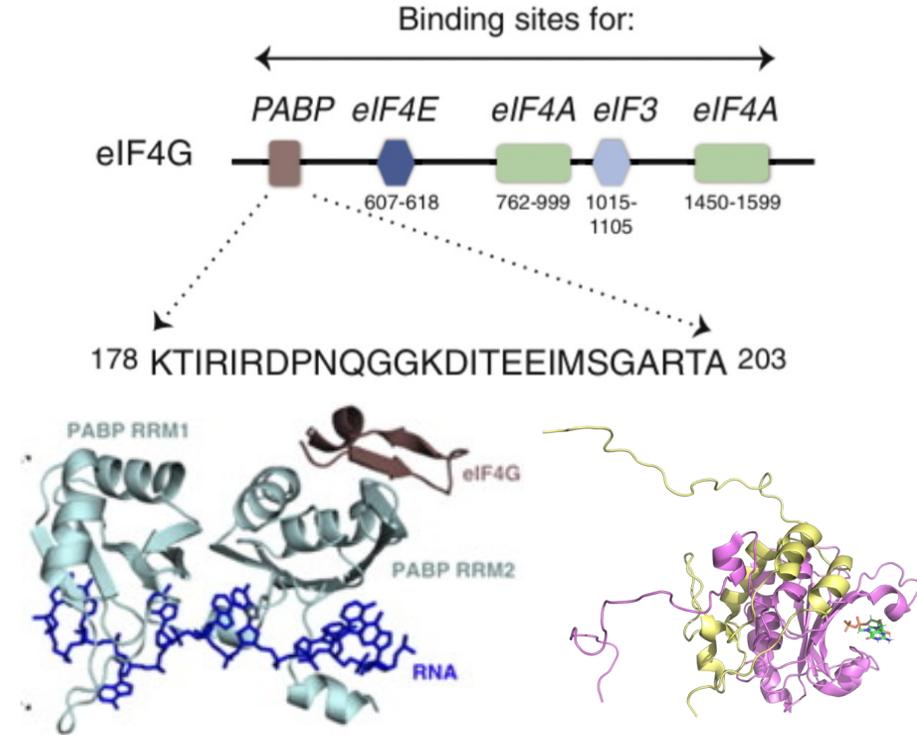
RNA biology 17.9 (2020): 1239-1251.
 Journal of Biological Chemistry 283.37 (2008): 25227-25237.
 Biophys J. 2012 Mar 21; 102(6): 1427-1434
 Journal of molecular biology 319.3 (2002): 615-635.
 J Mol Biol. 2002 Jun 7;319(3):615-35
 Biochemistry 2004, 43, 42, 13305-13317
 Genome Biol 4, 223 (2003)
 Journal of Biological Chemistry 283.37 (2008): 25227-25237.

Cap-eIF4E



Cap analogue	Human eIF4E $K_{as} \times 10^{-6} (M^{-1})$
m^7GpppG	0.69 ± 0.07
m^7GpppC	0.48 ± 0.05

PABP-eIF4G-eIF4E



RRM-eIF4G $K_{as} \times 10^{-6} (M^{-1})$	eIF4G-eIF4E- m^7G $K_{as} \times 10^{-6} (M^{-1})$
0.32 ± 0.07	4.4 ± 1.3

m^7G -eIF4E-eIF4G-PABP compacting rate **has not been characterized yet.**
 But translation can happen **within 1 min.**



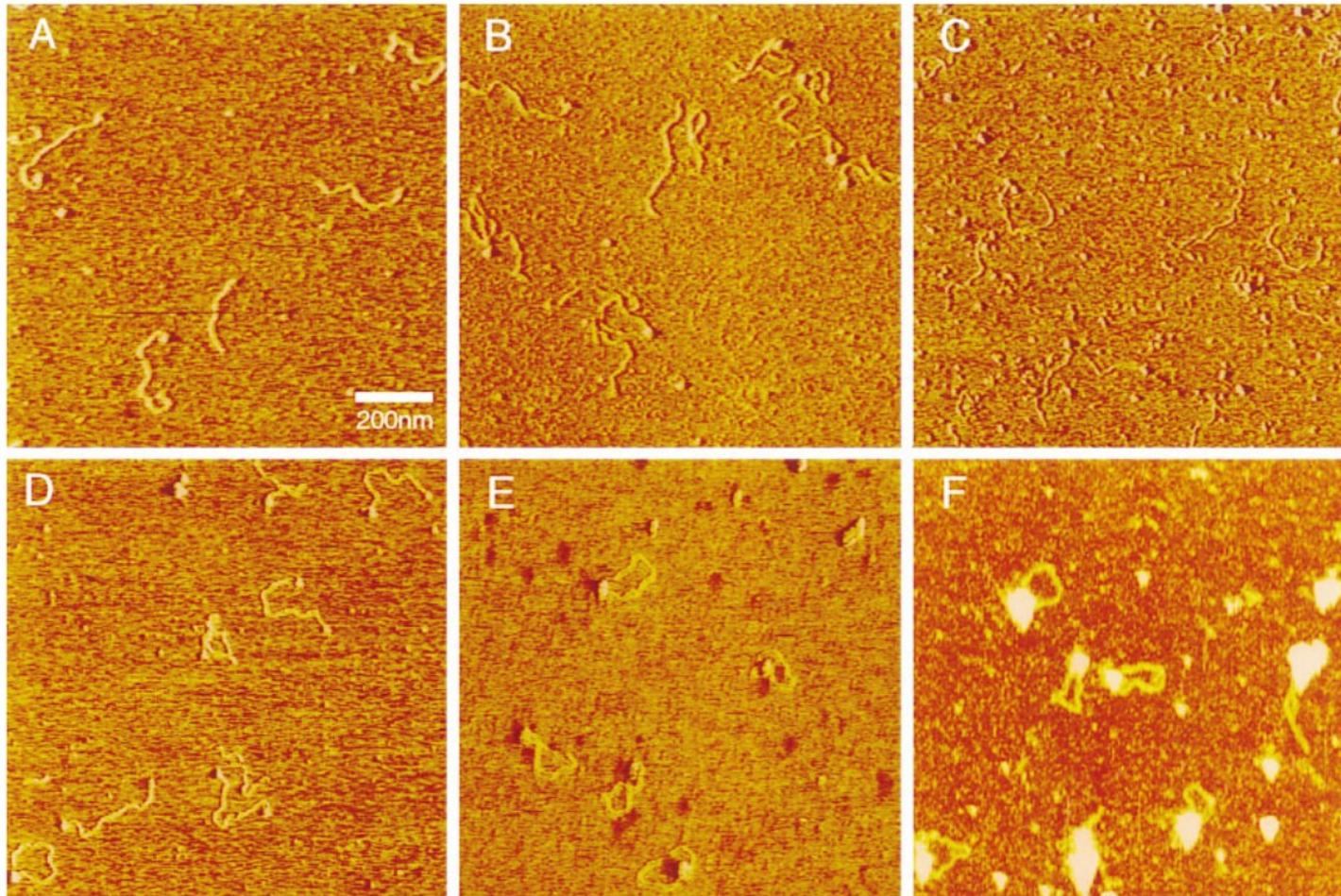
AIM1b: Characterization the circularization of hcBroccoli



Proximity characterization

Method: Atomic Force microscope (AFM).

Expected Outcome: Circular RNA/Protein complexes.



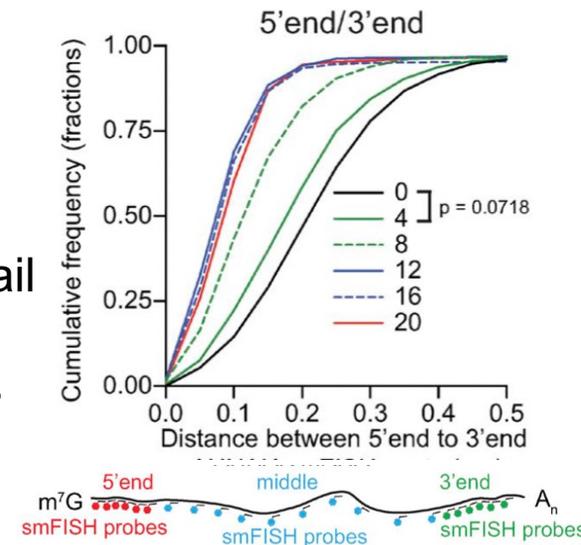
Rational:

1. PABP will bind to poly(A) tail in nuclear and help transportation.
2. eIF4G-PABP, eIF4E-eIF4G can bind in relative fast rates.
3. Human mRNA can translate peptides with a circular form soon after being transported into cytoplasm. ($\sim s^{-1}$)
4. hcBroccoli has all circularization required region.

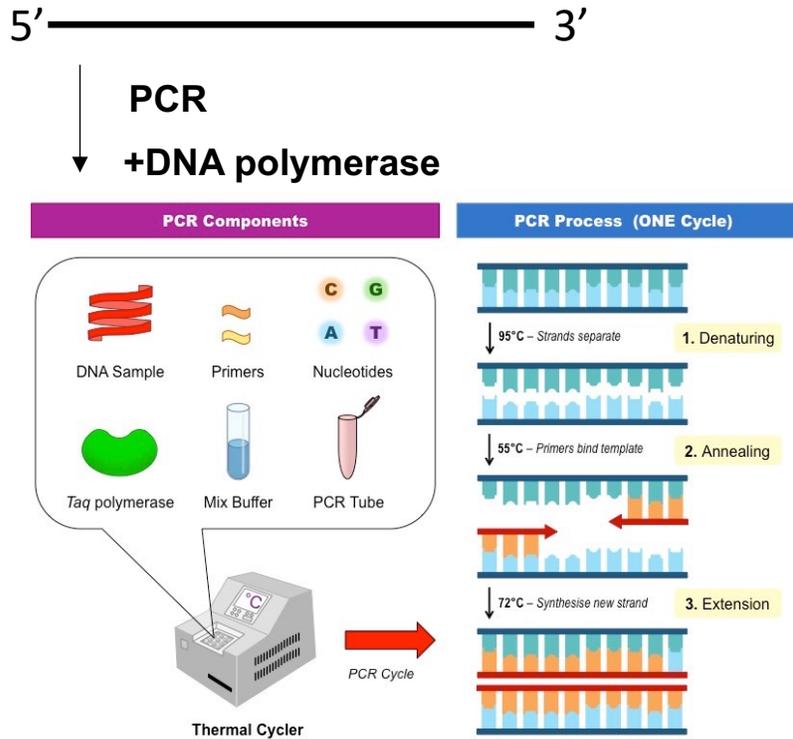
If hcBroccoli doesn't shape in circle:

- ❖ 3' – 5' distance adjustment
- + CG rich at 3' UTR
- + Elongate poly(A) tail

Mol Cell. 1998 Jul;2(1):135-40.
Journal of Cell Biology, 15 Oct 2018, 217(12):4124-4140



1. DNA template preparation



Purification with PCR purification kit

Double strand DNA template



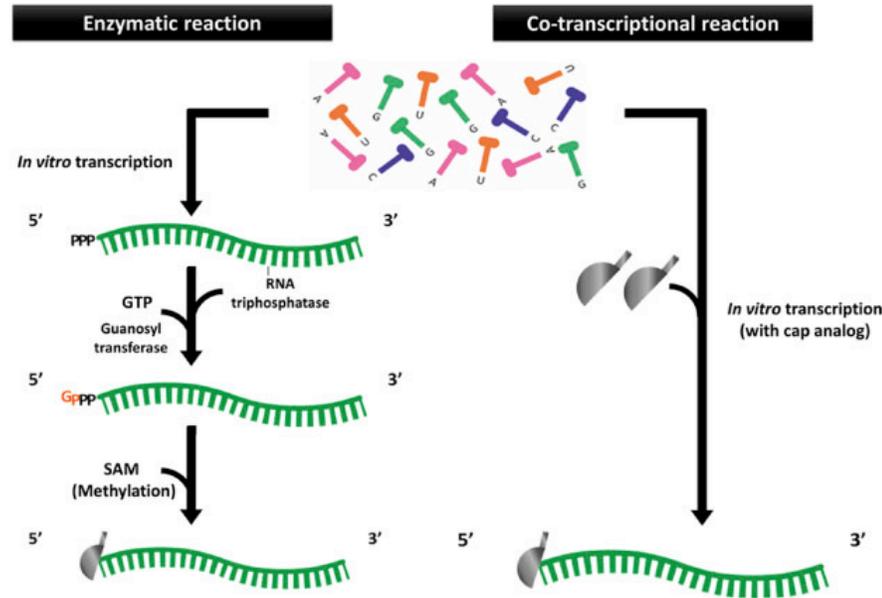
2. Transcriptions



❖ In vitro

A. PCR

Flash transcription kit

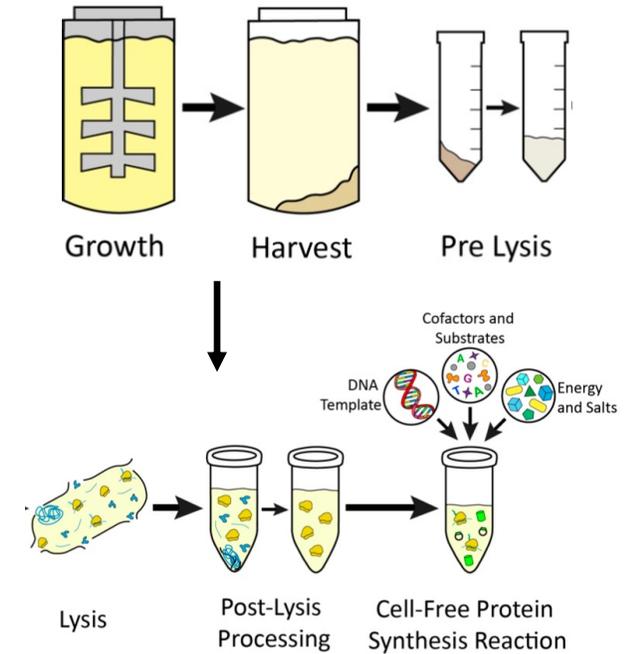


❖ In cell

C. MAGIC system genetically encode hcBroccoli.

3. Characterizations: Seq, Gel, AFM...

B. MAGIC express system
Cell Lysate



DNA templates designed for MAGIC system



Summary

Simplest DNA template:



5'TCCTGAAGGGGGGCTATAAAAGGGGGTGGGGGCGCGAACCTCTGGCAGGAGCAAAGGCGCC
 ATGGCTGTGGAGGGGCGGABroccoliAGTGCCTCTCCTGGCCCTGGAAGTTGCCTCTCCAGTGCCC
 ACCAGCCTTGTCTCTAATAAAATTAAGTTGCATCATTGTCTGACTAGGTGTCCTTCT3'

1st optimization for transcription initiation:

5'TCCTGAASSRCGCCTATAWAARGGGRRRRGCGCGAACCTCTGGCAGGAGCAAAGG
 CGCCATGGCTGTGGAGGGGCGGAAGACGGGGCGGABroccoli-3'

2nd optimization for capping:

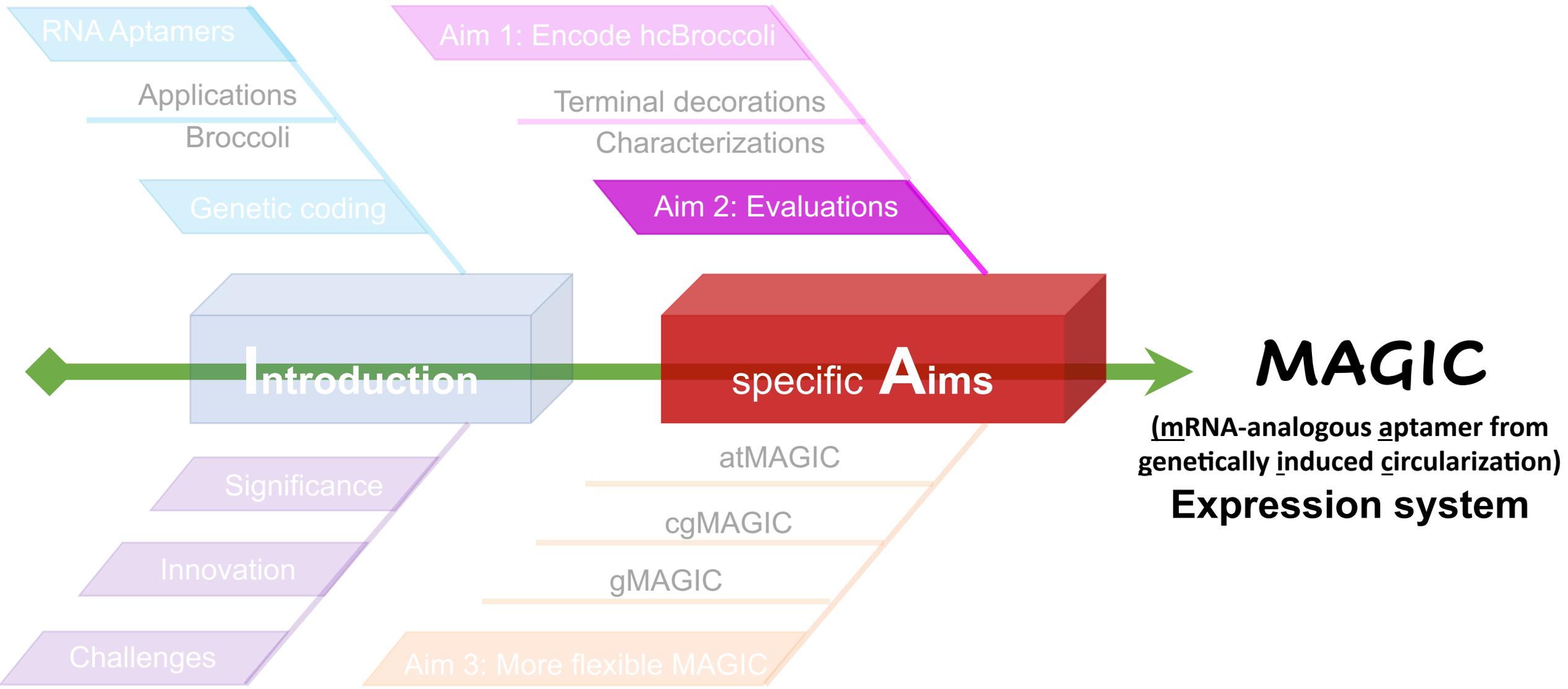
5'TCCTGAASSRCGCCTATAWAARGGGRRRRGCGCGAACCTCTGGCAGGAGCAAAGG
 CGCCATGGCTGTGGAGGCSARCSSAACGSAGACGGGGCGGABroccoli-3'

3rd optimization for polyadenylation:

5'TCCTGAASSRCGCCTATAWAARGGGRRRRGCGCGAACCTCTGGCAGGAGCAAAGGCGCCATGGCTG
 TGGAGGCSARCSSAACGSAGACGGGGCGGABroccoliAGTGCCTCTCCTGGCCCTGGAAGTTGCCTCTC
 CAGTGCCCACCAGCCTTGTCTCTGTATTATAAAAGATCTTTATTTTCAATTAGATCTGTGTGTTGGTTTTT
 GTGTG



N: A, T, C, or G
 W: A or T
 R: A or G
 Y: C or T
 S: G or C



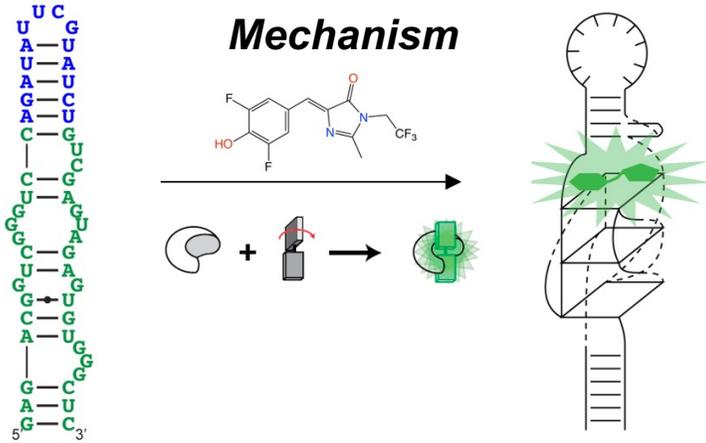


AIM2a&2b: Evaluate the functionality&stability of hcBroccoli



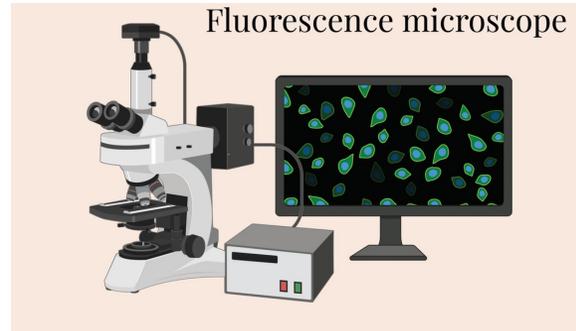
A. Evaluate the target binding ability

- Rational:** Broccoli can bind to fluorophore DFHBI-1T and lead to large fluorescence signal.



Camera: CoolSnap HQ2 CCD.
Air objective: a ×20/ × 40.
Microscope: Nikon Eclipse TE2000-E.
Excitation filter: 470 ± 20 nm.
Emission filter: 525 ± 25 nm.
Dichroic mirror: 495 nm.

❖ Evaluation Method: Fluorescence microscopy



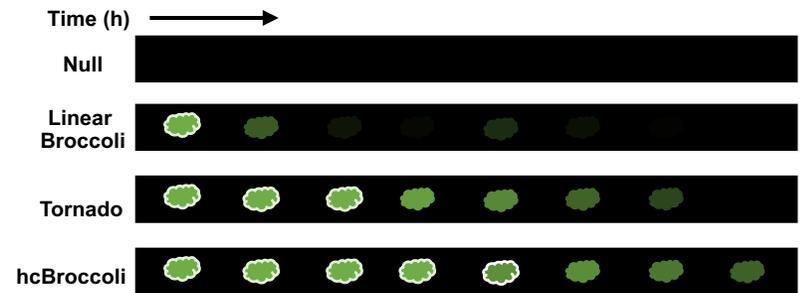
Environment: 37 °C, 5% CO₂.
Exposure time: 200-500 ms.
Analysis tool: NIS-Elements software.
Fluorescence: ImageJ measurements.

• Experiment designs:

- Day1: Transfect the HEK293T cells with different expression systems.
- Day 1~2: Subculture the cells.
- Day 2: Change the medium to FluoroBrite medium containing 40 μM DFHBI-1T.
- Day 2: Live cell fluorescence images.

• Expected outcomes:

- Fluorescent signals from all experimental groups.
- Longer duration time for Tornado system and MAGIC system.



Testing sets:

Blank Group	Exp Groups
Null (Random sequence)	Linear system Tornado system MAGIC system

B. Evaluate the stability of hcBroccoli

- Rational:** Circularization and protein coating protections should stabilize the aptamer to achieve a longer functional time.



Quantification of intracellular RNA concentrations

- Rational:** The more stable hcBroccoli can maintain their intracellular concentrations at relative higher levels.

NAT Biotechnol. 2019 Jun; 37(6): 667-675
<https://www.bio-rad.com/featured/en/flow-cytometer.html>

Evaluation Methods:

A. In-gel imaging: Transfect -> Culture -> Extraction > Gel image + quantification

B. Flow cytometry analysis: Transfect -> Culture -> Harvest > LSRFortessa analysis

A. In-gel quantifications

Day 1: Transfect the HEK293T cells with different expression systems.

Day 1~2: Subculture the cells for 1~2 days.

Day 3: Add actD 6h before extractions.

Day3: Suspend cells using TrypLE. Quantify the diameter of HEK293T cell.

Day 3: Extract total RNAs using TRIzol LS.

Day 3: 1 µg Broccoli run with 10% denaturing PAGE gel.

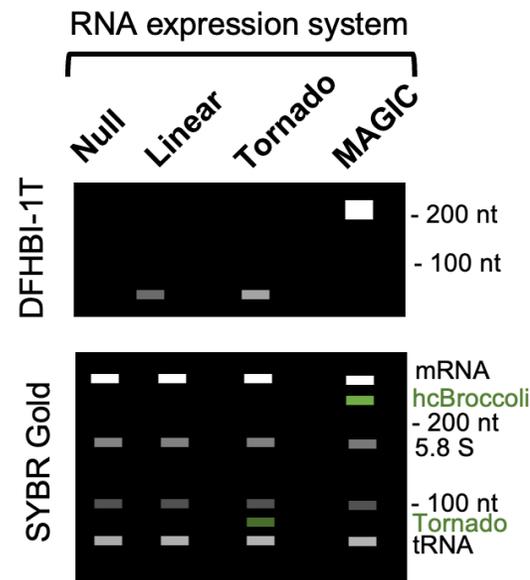
Day 3: Imaging Broccoli with ChemiDoc MP. (470/30 nm excitation, 532/28 nm emission)

Day 3: Imaging total RNAs with SYBR stained Gold gel. (302 nm excitation, 590/110 nm emission)

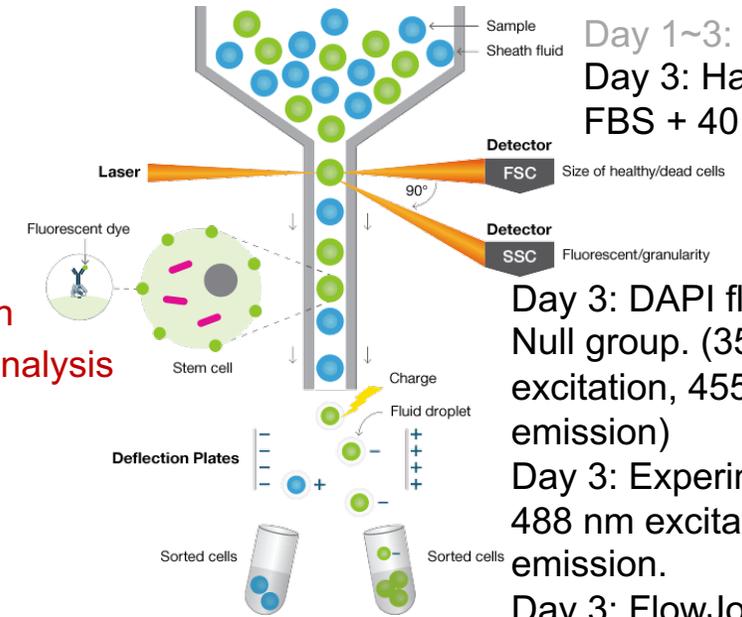
Day 3: Gel Band intensity is quantified in Image Lab software.

Expected outcome A:

- Abundant hcBroccoli band.
- Near endogenous levels



B. Flow cytometry analysis



Day 1~3: Cell culture.
 Day 3: Harvest with 4% FBS + 40 µM DHFBI-1T.

Day 3: DAPI fluorescence for Null group. (355 nm excitation, 455/50 nm emission)

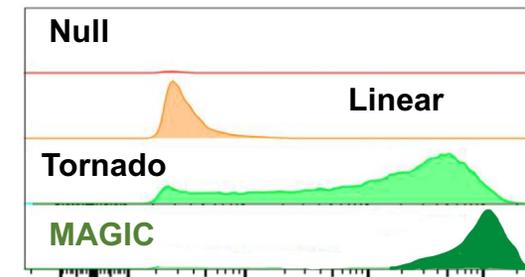
Day 3: Experiment groups, 488 nm excitation, 530/30 nm emission.

Day 3: FlowJo software analysis.

Expected outcome B:

High accumulations for hcBroccoli.

Expression system	Subset	Count
Null	Broccoli	~100
Linear	Broccoli	~5000
Tornado	Broccoli	~26000
MAGIC	Broccoli	~10 ⁴



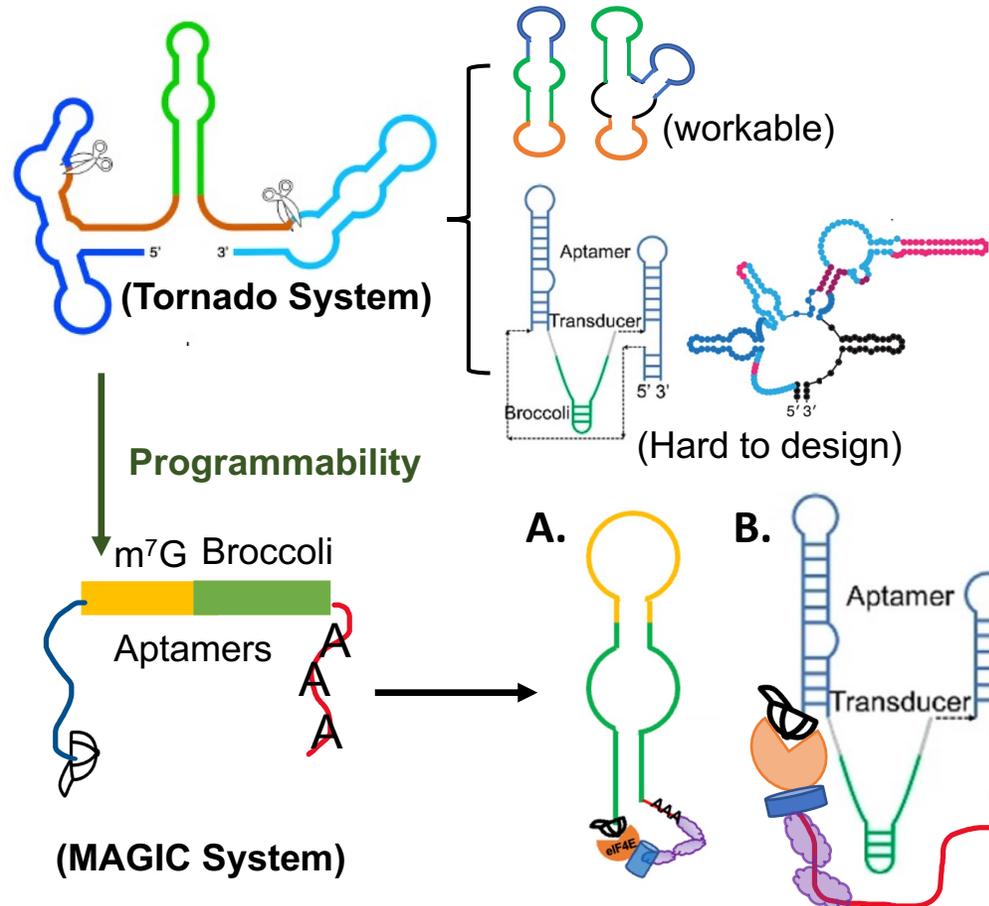
AIM2c: Program MAGIC system for biosensing



❖ Evaluate hcBroccoli-m⁷G sensors

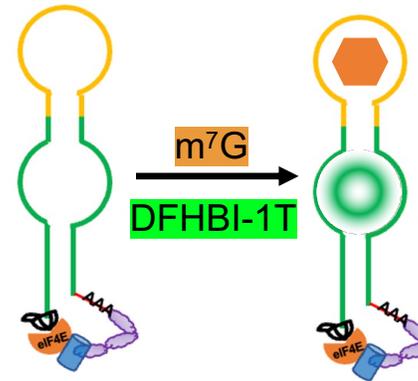
- **Rational:** Aptamers can be fused together for more diverse intracellular applications.

MAGIC system is able to program more complicated aptamer-based biosensors.

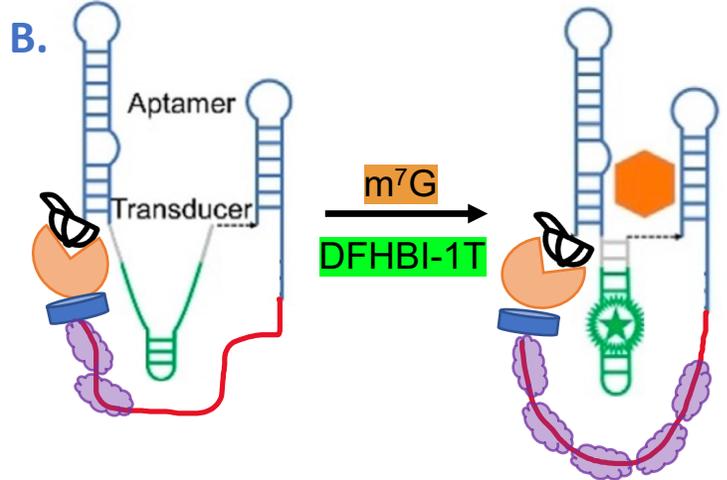


❖ hcBroccoli-m⁷G biosensor designs:

A.



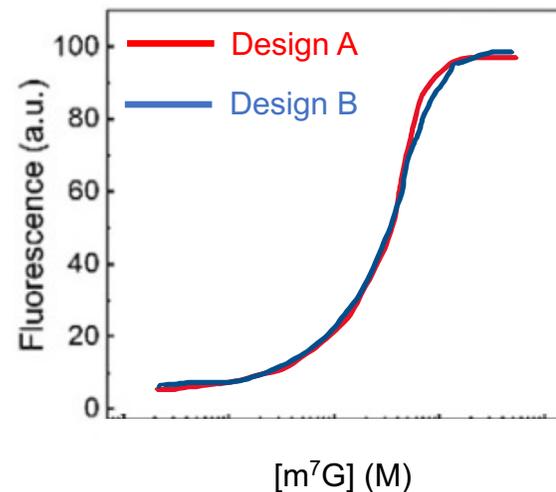
B.



❖ Evaluation method: Fluorescence microscopy

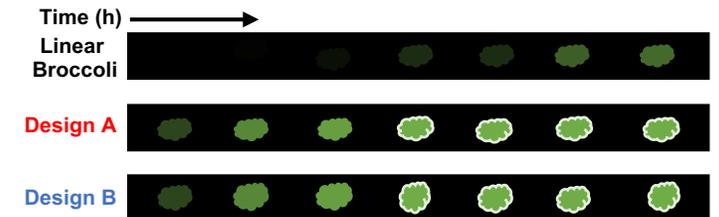
Expected outcome:

a. Does-dependent behavior

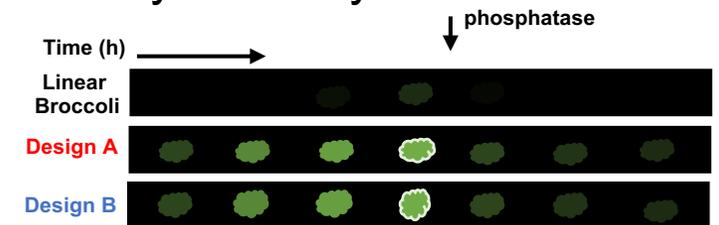


NAT Biotechnol. 2019 Jun; 37(6): 667-675
Angewandte Chemie 133.45 (2021): 24272-24276.

b. Detect m⁷G



c. Dynamically detect m⁷G





❖ Ensure MAGIC system will not trigger immune response.

- **Rational:** The terminal decorations to non-cytotoxic Broccoli are endogenously existing.

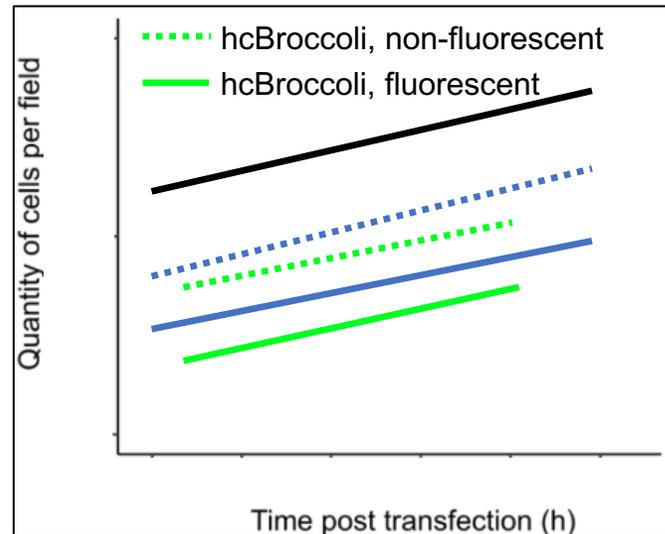
❖ Evaluation Methods:

- A. Cell proliferation rate characterizations.**
- B. In-gel retionic acid-inducible genel (RIG-I) analysis.**

A. Cell proliferation rate characterizations

1. Day 1-2: Transfect the HEK293T cells with *different expression systems*.
2. Day 3: Subculture the cells with 1:4 and 1:8 onto plates.
3. Day4: count 1:4 cultured fluorescent/non-fluorescent cell numbers.
4. Day5: count 1:8 cultured fluorescent/non-fluorescent cell numbers.
5. Calculate time for cell to growth.

Expected outcome:
low levels of apoptosis.



- Linear Broccoli, nonfluorescent
- Linear Broccoli, fluorescent
- Null, non-fluorescent

B. In-gel RIG-I analysis

1. Day 1-2: Transfect the HEK293T cells with *different expression systems*.
2. Day 3: 1 $\mu\text{g mL}^{-1}$ doxorubicin (anti-bacteria).
3. Lyse cells in RIPA buffer with Halt protease. And phosphatase inhibitor cocktail.
4. Separate proteins and analysis by PAGE.

Expected outcome:

Low levels of RIG-I from MAGIC system.

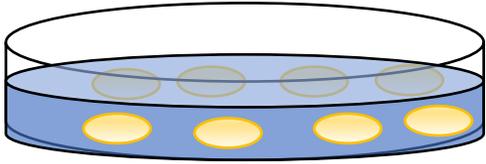


A **Safe** and **High-efficient** **MAGIC** expression system has been developed for diverse applications in mammalian cells!

Cell culture, transfection and In-gel imaging



• Cell Culture

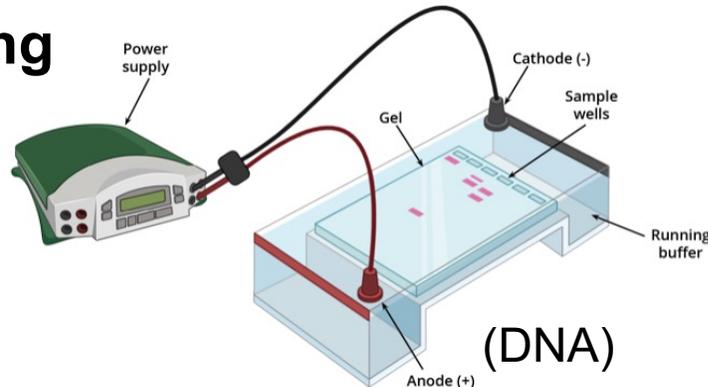


<https://www.biontexas.com/en/transfection/>
<https://www.epigentek.com/catalog/epiq-uik-total-rna-isolation-fast-kit-p-84425.html>
<https://www.aatbio.com/catalog/gel-electrophoresis>

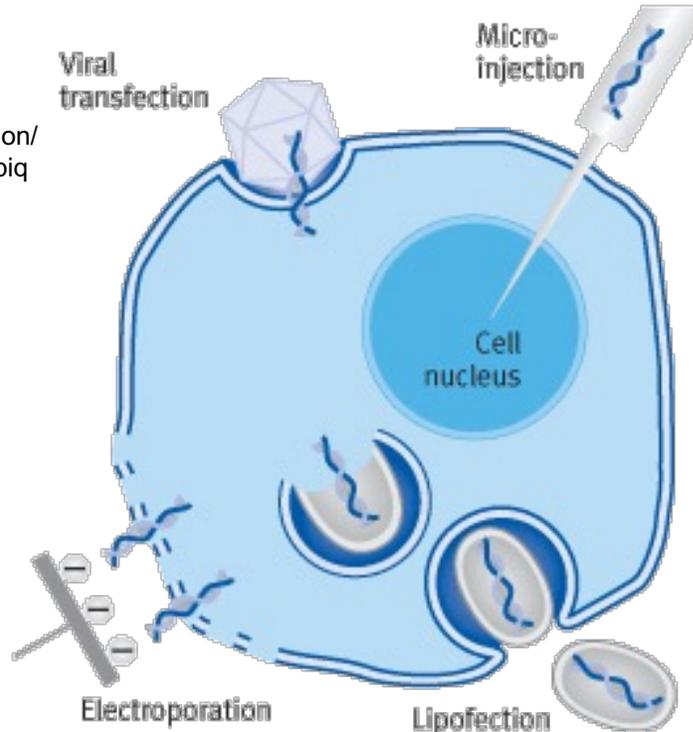
- : HEK293T cells
- : standard tissue culture conditions
 - ×1 DMEM
 - 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS)
 - 100 U ml⁻¹ penicillin
 - 100 µg ml⁻¹ streptomycin
 - 50 µg ml⁻¹ hygromycin B (anti-bacteria)
 - 5 µg ml⁻¹ Actinomycin D (for extraction)

• RNA in-gel imaging

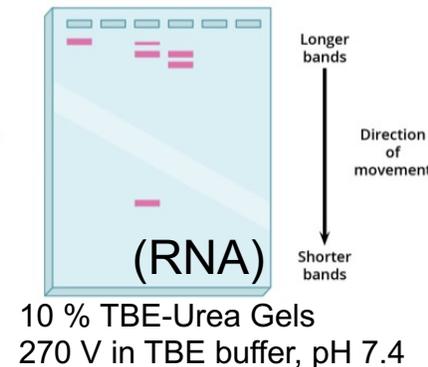
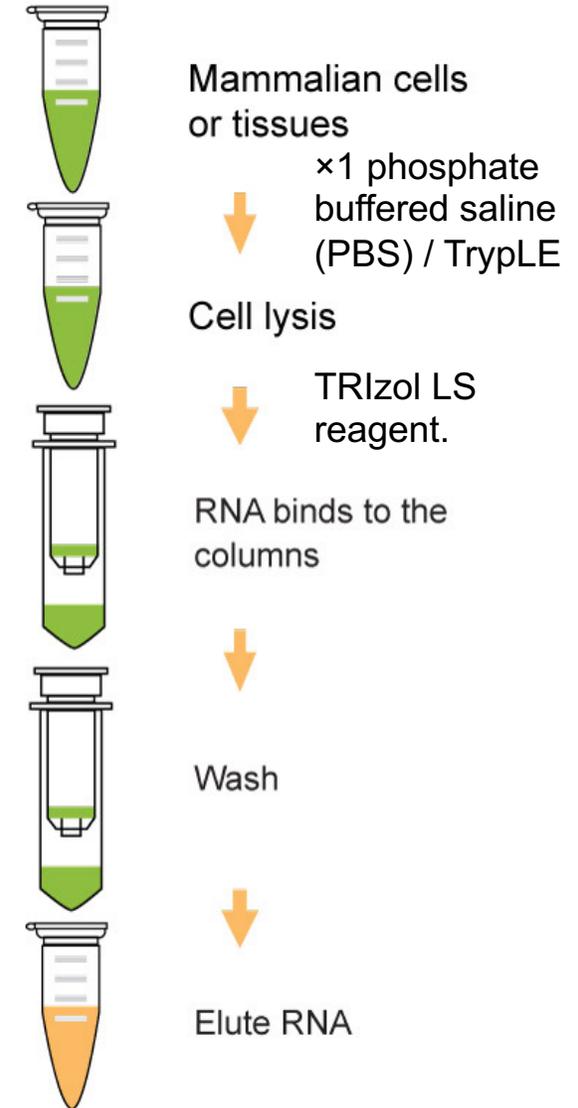
- 100 mM KCL
- 1mMMgCl₂
- 10 µM DHFBI-1T (For Broccoli imaging)
- 40 µM HEPES
- SYBR stain (for all RNAs)

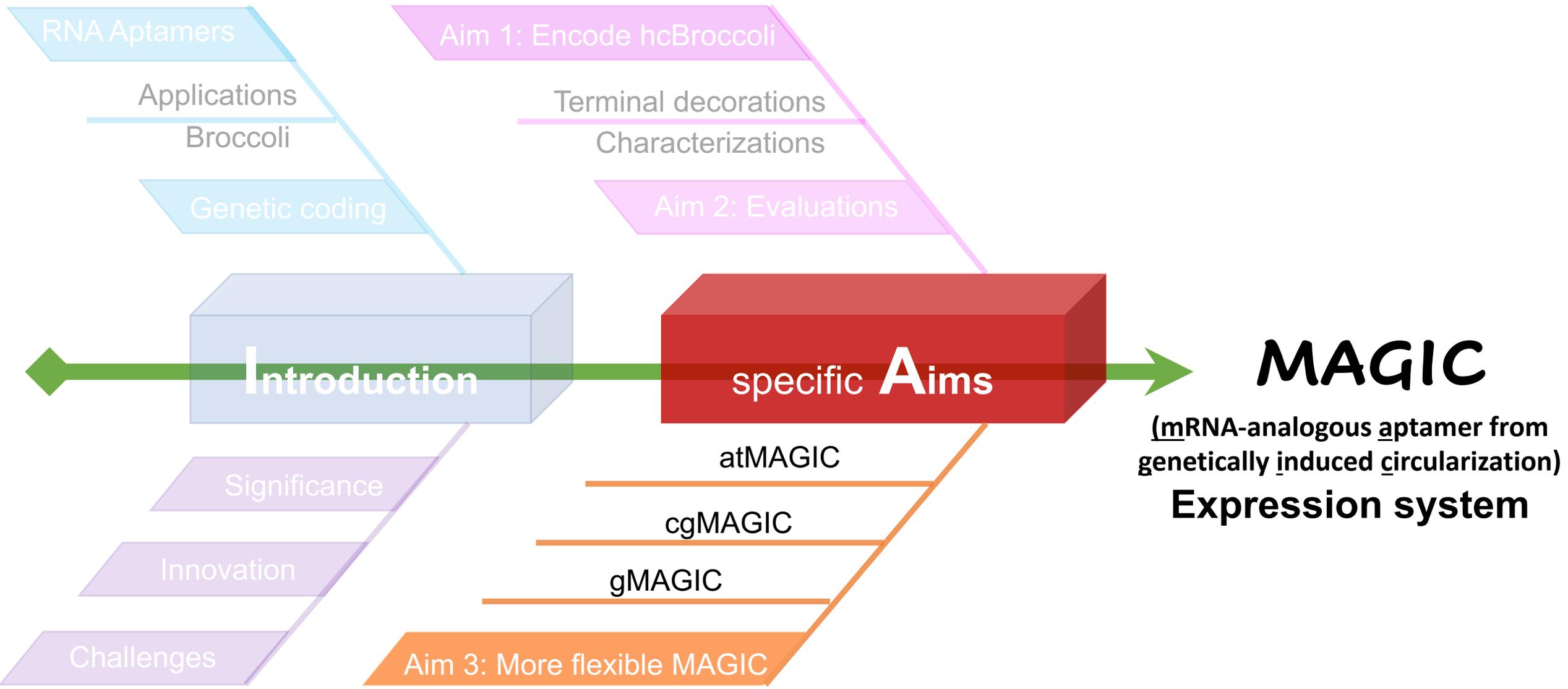


• Cell transfection



• RNA extraction







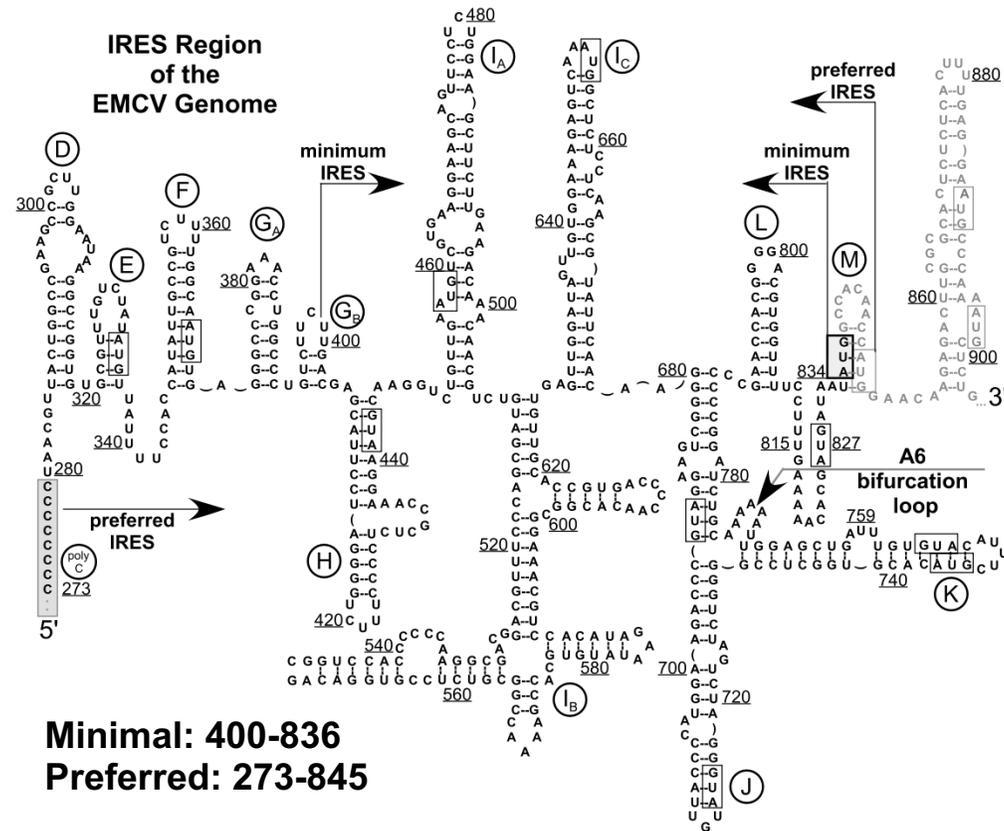
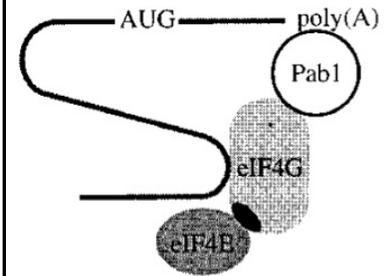
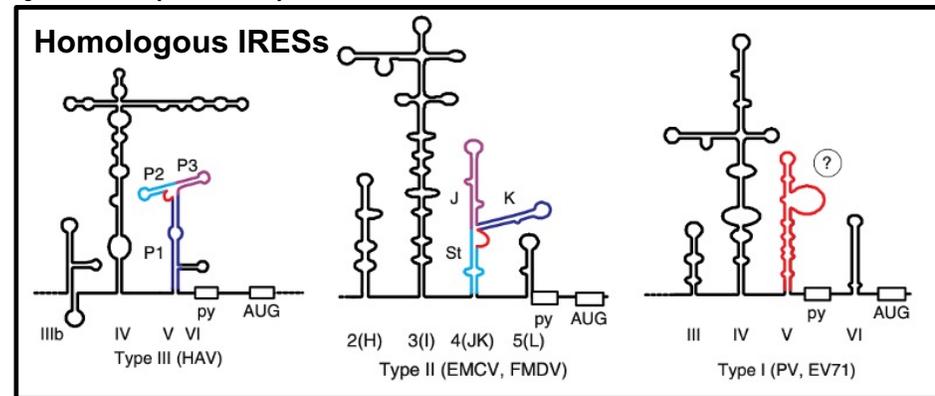
AIM3a: Develop more general MAGAIC systems --- atMAGIC



Rational: Natural mRNAs have strong aspiration to shape in a circle in cytoplasm even without 3' poly(A) tail or 5' cap decorations.

A. Cap independent circularization

- Viruses.
- Replace cap-recognition site with a ribosome entry site (IRES).
- Form 3'-PABP-eIF4G-IRES-5' interactions



Minimal: 400-836
Preferred: 273-845

Pros:

1. Offer a unique opportunity to have cap-independent circularization.
2. May escape from the cap-required class II transcriptions.

Cons:

1. IRESs are super long with the known minimal length is 157 nt, making the 5'-UTR too long.
2. May trigger immune response, a mechanism always adopt by viruses.

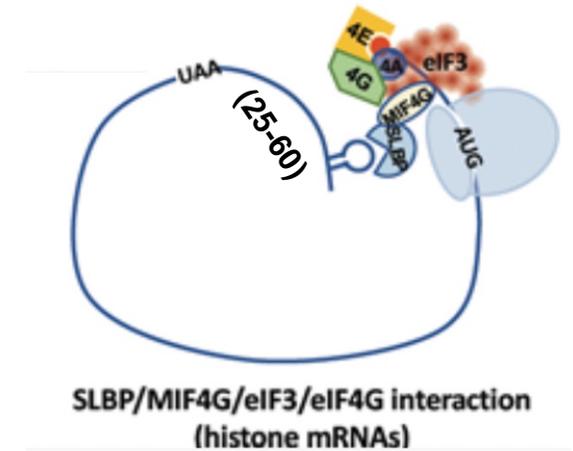
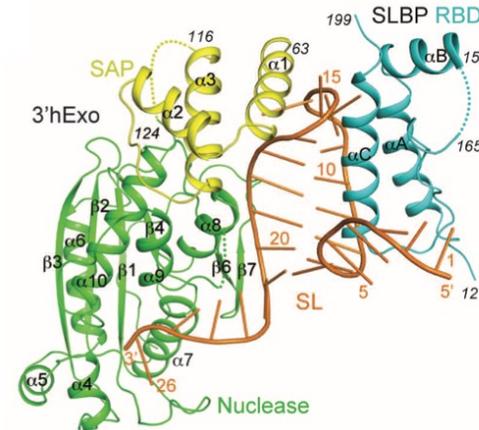
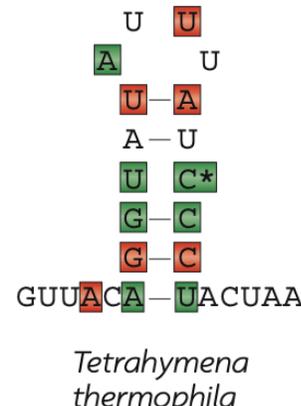
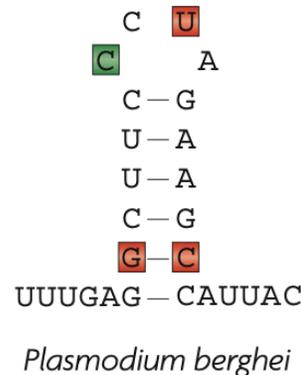
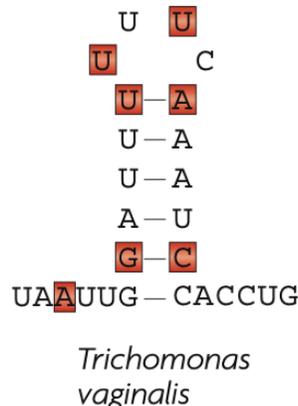
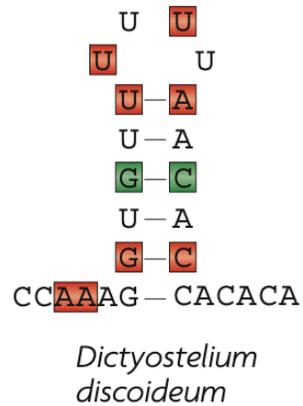
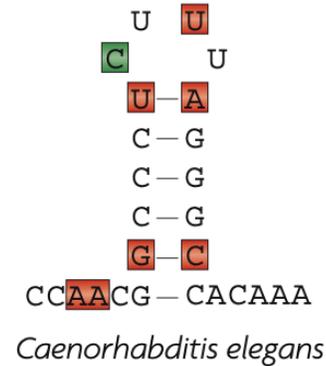
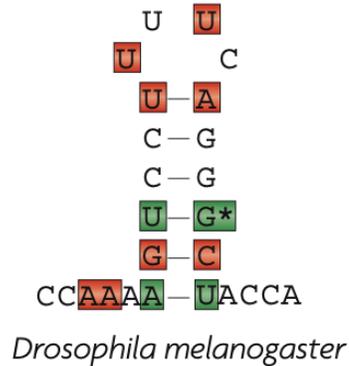
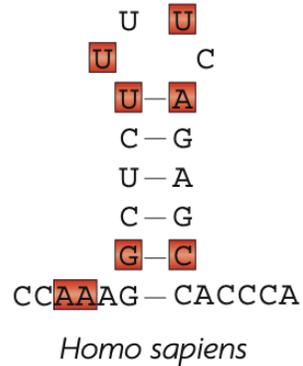


AIM3b: Develop more general MAGAIC systems --- cgMAGIC

B. Poly(A) independent circularization

- Histone mRNA
- Replace poly(A) tail with a conserved stem-Loop
- Forming 3'-SLBP-MIF4G-eIF3-eIF4F-5' interactions

i.e., 3'-CCAAAGGCTCTTTTCAGAGCCAGGGA-5'



Science. 2013 Jan 18;339(6117)
 Biotechniques 41.3 (2006): 283-292.

Pros:

1. No need to have a long poly(A) tail at 3' end.
2. No need to optimize the poly(A) tail length.
3. The stem-loop can be engineered to have a couple function with aptamers.
4. Give us an alternative idea that we can also decorate 3'-end with a poly(U) tail.

Cons:

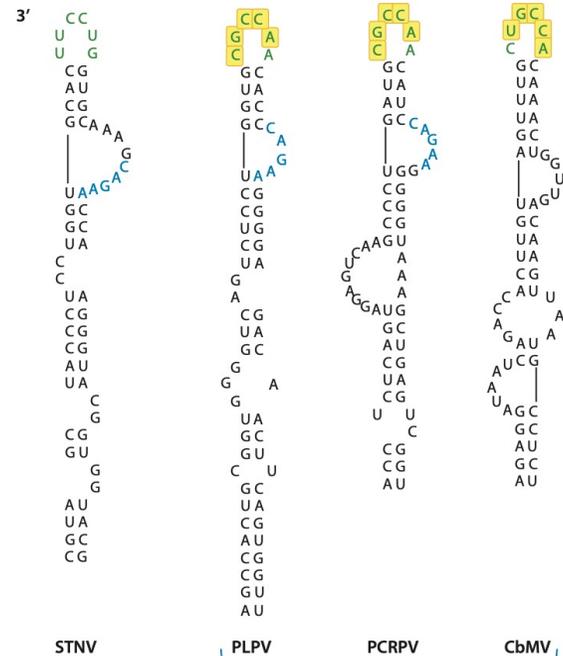
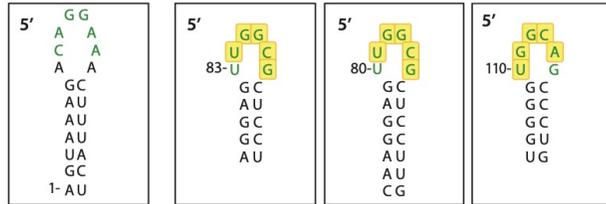
1. Always go along with rapid degradations.
2. Maximum accumulation level is SLBP dependent.
3. May not apply to all cell lines.



AIM3c: Develop more general MAGAIC systems --- gMAGIC

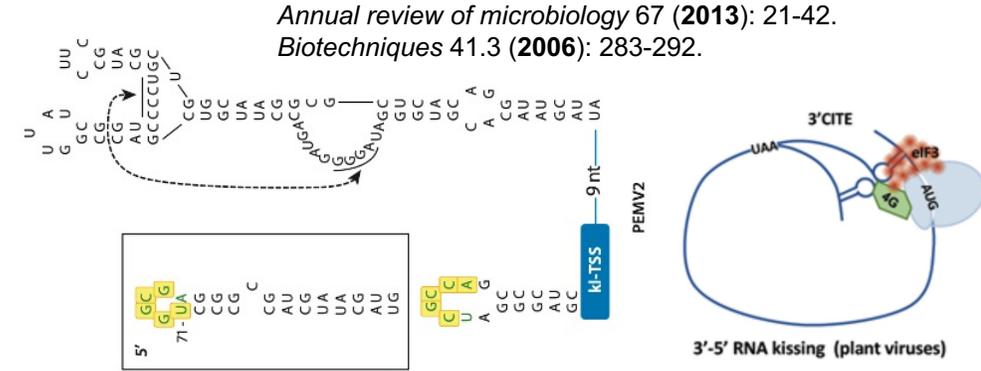
C. RNA-solely circularization

- Plant viruses
- Replace 3' poly(A) with 3' cap-independent translation enhancer
- Replace 5' cap with a hairpin.
- Forming RNA-RNA kissing interactions



Carmovirus TED-like structures

Virus	CITE Type	3' CITE sequence ^a	5' hairpin sequence ^a	5' hairpin location
Carmovirus				
SCV	PTE	CUGCCA	UGGCAG	5' ORF
PFBV	PTE	CUGCCA	UGGCAG	5' ORF
CarMV	PTE	CUGCCA	UGGCGG	5' terminus
HnRSV	PTE	CUGCCA	UGGCAG	5' ORF
HCRSV	PTE	GCCA	UGGC	5' terminus
GaMV	PTE	UUGGCG	CGCCAA	5' terminus
PSNV	PTE	UUGGCG	GCCA	5' UTR
MNSV	ISS	UGGCU	AGCCA	5' ORF
TGP-carmo	ISS	CGGCAA	UUGCCG	5' terminus
CbMV	TED-like	CUGCCA	UGGCAG	5' ORF
PLPV	TED-like	CGCCAA	UUGGCG	5' ORF
PCRPV	TED-like	CGCCAA	UUGGCG	5' ORF
Umbravirus				
PEMV	kl-TSS	UCGCCA	UGGCGA	5' ORF
Panicovirus				
PMV	PTE	UUGCAG	CUGCAA	5' terminus
CMMV	PTE	UUGCCG	CGGCAA	5' terminus
Necrovirus				
STNV	TED	UUCUG	CAGGAA	5' terminus
TNV-D	BTE	UGGU	ACCA	5' terminus
OLV-1	BTE	UGGUG	UACCA	5' terminus
LWSV	BTE	UGGU	ACCA	5' terminus



Annual review of microbiology 67 (2013): 21-42.
Biotechniques 41.3 (2006): 283-292.

Pros:

1. No protein-mediation required.
2. No decoration required. May escape from the class II transcriptions.
3. The conserved sequences are not very long.

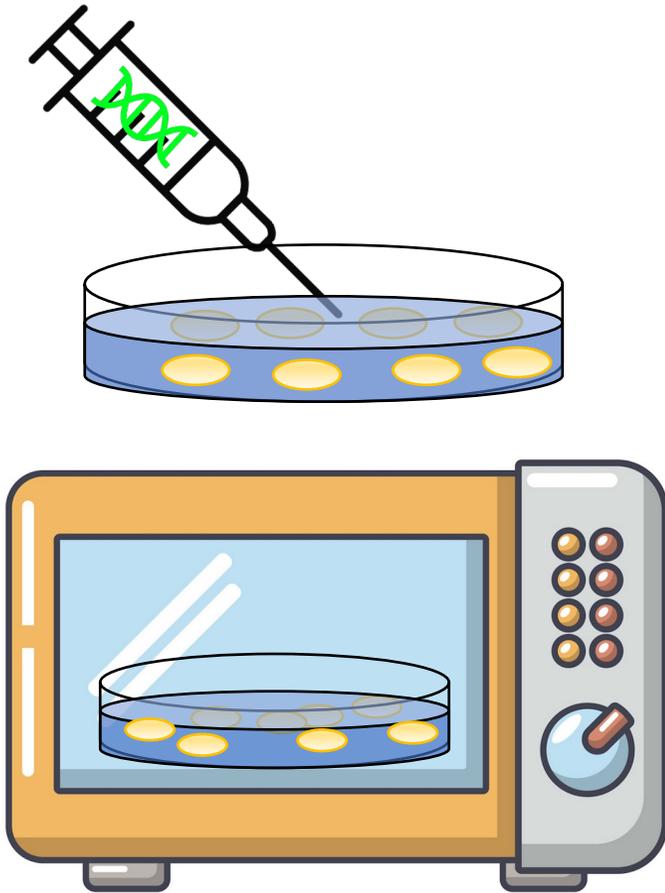
Cons:

1. Only find in plant viruses.
2. With no protein protections, and no poly(A) tail or cap decorations, lack stability.
3. May cause immune response.

(All extended MAGIC systems can be characterized follow Aim1 and Aim2 protocols.)

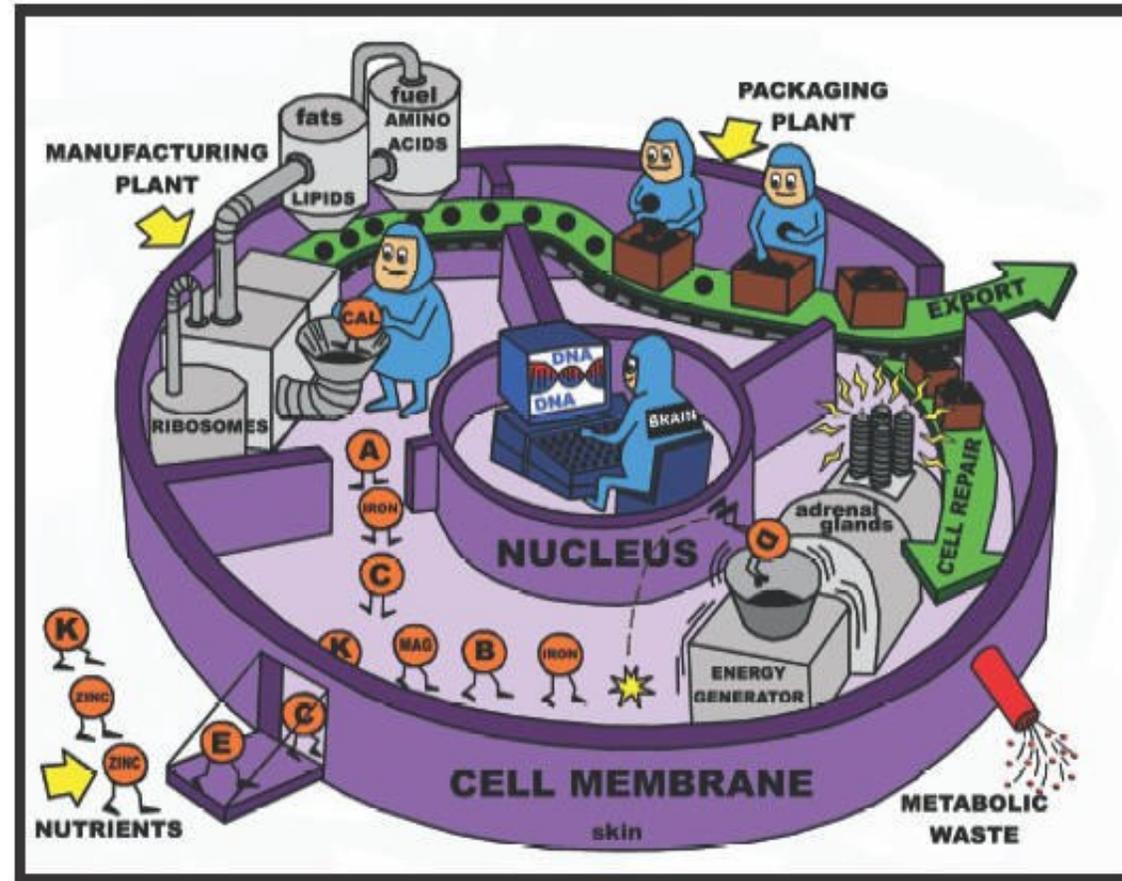
Overall, easy-implement MAGIC expression system!

1. Transfection



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MAGIC Cellular Expression Factory



2. Characterizations.

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